

<b>Effective from Session</b>	Effective from Session: 2015 - 2016											
Course Code	PRY 101	Title of the Course	Human Anatomy & Physiology L T P									
Year	I	Semester	ANNUAL	4	-	-	4					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	-									
Course Objectives	2.It also helps in und medicament, which	derstanding both homeous is produced by pharmac	nental knowledge on the structure and functions of the huma stasis mechanisms and homeostatic imbalances of various be sist, is used to correct the deviations in human body, drugs act on the various body systems in correcting the disea	ody sy	stems. S							

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Describe the structure (gross and histology) and functions of various organs of the human body, Elementary tissues of the human body, classification, types of movements of joints and disorders of joints.
CO2	Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances of various systems and appreciate the coordinated working pattern of different organs of the Lymphatic system and Urinary system.
CO3	Appreciate the coordinated working pattern of different organs of the Cardiovascular system and Respiratory system.
CO4	Appreciate the coordinated working pattern of different organs of the Endocrine system and Reproductive system.
CO5	Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of Digestive system and Nervous system
CO6	Understand the anatomy physiology of sense organs, physiology of muscle contraction and Sports physiology.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Scope of Human Anatomy &	Scope of anatomy and physiology, basic terminologies used in this subject (Description of the body as such planes and terminologies)      Structure of cell – its components and their functions.      Elementary tissues of the human body: epithelial, connective, Muscular and nervous tissues-their sub-types and characteristics.	13	1
	Physiology	<ul> <li>4. a) Osseous system - structure, composition, and functions of the Skeleton. (Done in practical classes - 6hrs)</li> <li>b) Classification of joints, Types of movements of joints and disorders of joints (Definitions only)</li> </ul>		
	Hemopoietic	Hemopoietic system		
	system,	a) Composition and functions of blood		
		b) Hematopoiesis and disorders of blood components (definition of disorder)		
		c) Blood groups		
		d) Clotting factors and mechanism		
		e) Platelets and disorders of coagulation		
2	Ih adiada	Lymphatic system	12	2
	Lymphatic system	a) Lymph and lymphatic system, composition, formation, and circulation.		
		b) Spleen: structure and functions, Disorders		
		c) Disorders of the lymphatic system (definition only)		
	Uninomy system	Urinary system		
	Urinary system	a) Anatomy and physiology of the urinary system		
		b) Formation of urine		

		c) Renin-Angiotensin system – Juxtaglomerular apparatus - acid-base Balance		
		d) Clearance tests and micturition		
		Cardiovascular system		
		a) Anatomy and functions of the heart		
	Cardiovascular system	b) Blood vessels and circulation (Pulmonary, coronary, and systemic circulation)		
		c) Electrocardiogram (ECG)		
		d) Cardiac cycle and heart sounds		
		e) Blood pressure – its maintenance and regulation		
		f) Definition of the following disorders		
3		Hypertension, Hypotension, Arteriosclerosis, Atherosclerosis, Angina, Myocardial infarction, Congestive heart failure, cardiac arrhythmias	12	3
		Respiratory system		
		a) Anatomy of respiratory organs and functions		
		b) Mechanism/physiology of respiration and regulation of respiration		
	Respiratory system	c) Transport of respiratory gases		
		d) Respiratory volumes and capacities, and Definition of Hypoxia,		
		Asphyxia, Dybarism, Oxygen therapy, and resuscitation		
		Endocrine system		
		a) Pituitary gland		
	Endocrine system	b) Adrenal gland		
		c) Thyroid and Parathyroid glands		
		d) Pancreas and gonads		
		Reproductive system		
4		a) Male and female reproductive system	13	4
		b) Their hormones – Physiology of menstruation		
	Reproductive system	c) Spermatogenesis & Oogenesis		
		d) Sex determination (genetic basis)		
		e) Pregnancy and maintenance and parturition		
		f) Contraceptive devices		
	Digestive system	Digestive system		
_		a) Anatomy and physiology of GIT	10	ءِ ا
5		b) Anatomy and functions of accessory glands of GIT	13	5

		T >=								
		c) Digestion and absorption								
		d) Disorders of GIT (definitions only)								
		Nervous system								
		a) Definition and classification of the nervous system								
		b) Anatomy, physiology, and functional areas of the cerebrum								
		c) Anatomy and physiology of cerebellum								
	Nervous system	d) Anatomy and physiology of midbrain								
		e) Thalamus, hypothalamus, and Basal Ganglia								
		f) Spinal card: Structure & reflexes – mono-poly-planter								
		g) Cranial nerves – names and functions								
		h) ANS – Anatomy & functions of sympathetic & parasympathetic N.S.								
	Sense organs,	Sense organs								
		a) Eye								
		b) Ear								
		c) Skin								
		d) Tongue & Nose								
		Skeletal muscles								
6	Skeletal muscles	a) Histology	12	6						
U		b) Physiology of Muscle contraction	12							
		c) Physiological properties of skeletal muscle and their disorders (definitions)								
		Sports physiology								
	Sports physiology	a) Muscles in exercise, Effect of athletic training on muscles and muscle performance,								
		b) Respiration in exercise, CVS in exercise, Body heat in exercise, Body fluids and salts in exercise,								
		c) Drugs and athletics								
Referei	nce Books:			L						
Guyton	arthur, C. Physiology o	fhuman body. Publisher: Holtsaunders.								
		logy. Volume 1&11. Publisher: medical allied agency, Calcutta.								
Peter L. Williams, Roger Warwick, Mary Dyson and Lawrence, H.										
Gray's	Gray's anatomy. Publisher:Churchill Livingstone, London.									

### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Human\_Anatomy\_And\_Physiology/ogQllPqPyVkC?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=human+anatomy+and+physiology\&printsec=frontcover$ 

\_

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	1	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO 2	3	ı	2	-	1	1	1	ı	ı	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO 3	3	1	2	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO 4	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO 5	3	ı	2	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO 6	3	ı	2	-	1	ı	-	ı	ı	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation	on; 3- Substantial Correlation
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2015-2016										
Course Code	PRY103	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutics	L	T	P	C				
Year	Ι	Semester	ANNUAL	2	1	0	3				
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite									
Course Objectives	Do different pharmals. Formulate different	nt types of dosage forms	nvolved in formulation;								

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Have information on the formulation aspect of different dosage forms
CO2	Perform different pharmaceutical calculations involved in formulations
CO3	Formulate different types of dosage forms
CO4	Appreciate the importance of good formulations for effectiveness
CO5	Understand prescription and take necessary steps

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Dosage Forms	a. Introduction to dosage forms - classification and definitions b. Prescription: definition, parts and handling c. Posology: Definition, Factors affecting dose selection. Calculation of children and infant doses d. Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy and pharmaceutical industry in brief. e. Development of Indian Pharmacopoeia and introduction to other Pharmacopoeias such as BP, USP, European Pharmacopoeia, Extra pharmacopoeia and Indian national formulary.	18	1,2, 4& 5
2	Liquid Dosage Forms	<ul> <li>a. Monophasic Dosage forms: Theoretical aspects of formulation including adjuvant like stabilizers, colorants, flavours with examples. Study of Monophasic liquids like gargles, mouth washes, Throat paint, Ear drops, Nasal drops, Liniments and lotions, Enemas and collodions.</li> <li>b. Biphasic dosage forms: Suspensions and emulsions, Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classification, test for the type of emulsion, formulation, stability and evaluation.</li> </ul>	12	1,3& 4
3	Powders and Incompatibilities	a. Powders and Granules: Classification advantages and disadvantages, Preparation of simple, compound powders, Insufflations, Dusting powders, Eutectic and Explosive powders, Tooth powder and effervescent powders and granules. b. Incompatibilities: Introduction, classification and methods to overcome the incompatibilities.	12	1,3,& 4
4	Suppositories	Suppositories and pessaries: Definition, advantages and disadvantages, types of base, method of preparation, Displacement value and evaluation.	10	1,3,& 4
5	Galenicals and Surgical Aids	<ul> <li>a. Galenicals: Definition, equipment for different extraction processes like infusion, Decoction, Maceration and Percolation, methods of preparation of spirits, tinctures and extracts.</li> <li>b. Surgical aids: Surgical dressings, absorbable gelatin sponge, sutures, ligatures and medicated bandages.</li> </ul>	12	1,3& 4
6	Pharmaceutical Calculations	<ul><li>a. Weights and measures, Calculations involving percentage solutions, allegation, proof spirit, isotonic solutions etc.</li><li>b. Pharmaceutical calculations.</li></ul>	8	2

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Cooper and Gunns Dispensing for pharmacy students.
- 2. A text book Professional Pharmacy by N.K.Jain and S.N.Sharma.
- 3. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
- 4. Register of General Pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.

### e-Learning Source:

- 1. IPC: <a href="https://www.ipc.gov.in/">https://www.ipc.gov.in/</a>
- 2. USP: <a href="https://www.usp.org/">https://www.usp.org/</a>
- 3. BPC: <a href="https://www.pharmacopoeia.com/">https://www.pharmacopoeia.com/</a>

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	1	1	1	-	1	+	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
CO5	1	1	-	2	2	1	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



<b>Effective from Session</b>	Effective from Session: 2015-2016											
Course Code	PRY105 Title of the Course		MEDICINAL BIOCHEMISTRY	L	T	P	C					
Year	1	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4					
Pre-Requisite 10+2 (PCM/PCB Co-requisite												
Course Objectives	2. know the metabo 3. understand the ge 4. know the biocher	lic process of biomolecu- netic organization of ma nical principles of organ	nes and importance of isoenzymes in diagnosis of diseases; alles in health and illness (metabolic disorders); ammalian genome; protein synthesis; replication; mutation a function tests of kidney, liver and endocrine gland; and ion of biomolecules in the body fluids.	nd rep	air mec	hanism	ι;					

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Students will use chemical laboratory methods for the diagnosis, control, treatment, and prevention of diseases.									
CO2	Students will use biochemical facts.									
CO3	They can use concept of isoenzymes in diagnosis of diseases.									
CO4	They can use knowledge of the metabolic process of biomolecules in health and illness (metabolic disorders).									
CO5	They can use the knowledge of biochemical principles for organ function tests of kidney, liver and endocrine, gland.									
CO6	They can do the qualitative analysis and determination of biomolecules in the body fluids.									

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO		
	Introduction to biochemistry	Introduction to biochemistry: Cell and its biochemical organization, transport process across the cell membranes. Energy rich compounds; ATP, Cyclic AMP and their biological significance.		1		
1	Enzymes	Enzymes: Definition; Nomenclature; IUB classification; Factor affecting enzyme activity; Enzyme action; enzyme inhibition. Isoenzymes and their therapeutic and diagnostic applications; Coenzymes and their biochemical role and deficiency diseases.	3	1		
	Biological oxidation	Biological oxidation: Coenzyme system involved in Biological oxidation. Electron transport chain (its mechanism in energy capture; regulation and inhibition); Uncouplers of ETC; Oxidative phosphorylation.	_			
2	Carbohydrate metabolism	Carbohydrate metabolism: Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle (TCA cycle), HMP shunt, Glycogenolysis, gluconeogenesis, glycogenesis. Metabolic disorders of carbohydrate metabolism (diabetes mellitus and glycogen storage diseases); Glucose, Galactose tolerance test and their significance; hormonal regulation of carbohydrate metabolism.	3	2		
	Lipid metabolism	Lipid metabolism: Oxidation of saturated (β-oxidation); Ketogenesis and ketolysis; biosynthesis of fatty acids, lipids; metabolism of cholesterol; Hormonal regulation of lipid metabolism. Defective metabolism of lipids (Atherosclerosis, fatty liver, hypercholesterolemia).				
3	Protein and amino acid metabolism	Protein and amino acid metabolism: protein turnover; nitrogen balance; Catabolism of Amino acids (Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation). Urea cycle and its metabolic disorders; production of bile pigments; hyperbilirubinemia, porphoria, jaundice. Metabolic disorder of Amino acids.	3	3		
4	Nucleic acid metabolism	Nucleic acid metabolism: Metabolism of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides; Protein synthesis; Genetic code; inhibition of protein synthesis; mutation and repair mechanism; DNA replication (semiconservative /onion peel models) and DNA repair mechanism. Introduction to clinical chemistry: Cell; composition; malfunction; Role of the clinical chemistry laboratory.	3	4		
5	Introduction to clinical chemistry, kidney function tests	The kidney function tests: Role of kidney; Laboratory tests for normal function includes (a) Urine analysis (macroscopic and physical examination, quantitative and semiquantitative tests.) (b) Test for NPN constituents. (Creatinine /urea clearance, determination of blood and urine creatinine, urea and uric acid) (c) Urine concentration test (d) Urinary tract calculi (stones).	3	5		
3	Liver function tests	Liver function tests: Physiological role of liver, metabolic, storage, excretory, protective, circulatory functions and function in blood coagulation.  (a) Test for hepatic dysfunction-Bile pigments metabolism.  (b) Test for hepatic function test- Serum bilirubin, urine bilirubin, and urine urobilinogen.  (c) Dye tests of excretory function.  (d) Tests based upon abnormalities of serum proteins.  Selected enzyme tests.				
6	Lipid profile tests, Immunochemical techniques	profile tests, Lipid profile tests: Lipoproteins, composition, functions. Determination of serum lipids, total cholesterol, HDL cholesterol, LDL cholesterol and triglycerides.				

	for endocrine diseases and infectious diseases. Radio immuno assay (RIA) and Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay (ELISA).	
Electrolytes	Electrolytes: Body water, compartments, water balance, and electrolyte distrubution. Determination of sodium, calcium potassium, chlorides, bicarbonates in the body fluids.	

#### **Reference Books:**

- a. Harpers review of biochemistry Martin
- b. Text book of clinical chemistry- Alex Kaplan &Laverve L.Szabo
- c. Text book of biochemistry -- Ramarao
- d. Principles of biochemistry -- Lehninger
- e. Practical Biochemistry-David T.Plummer.
- f. Practical Biochemistry-Pattabhiraman.

### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Medical\ Biochemistry/hYZGEAAAQBAJ?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=medicinal+biochemistry\&printsec=frontcover}$ 

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO1	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO4	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO6	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator Sign & Seal of HoD

Effective from Sess	Effective from Session: 2015 - 2016										
Course Code	PRY 107	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry	L	T	P	C				
Year	I	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4				
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite									
Course Objectives	organic compounds; 2. Some important pl 3. Free radical/ nu electrophyllic additi reaction, order of rea 4. Some named organ	nysical properties of org icleophyllic [alkyl/ ac on, elimination, oxida ctivity, stability of comp nic reactions with mech aration, test for purity,	yl/ aryl] /electrophyllic substitution, free rad- tion and reduction reactions with mechanism pounds;	ical/ 1, ori	nucleo entatio	phyllion of	c / the				

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Demonstrate the methods of preparation, physical properties, reactivity, stability and orbital picture of organic compounds.								
CO2	Explain the aromaticity, Resonance, stability, orbital structure, mechanism of addition and nomenclature of organic compounds.								
CO3	Explain the nucleophilic [alkyl/ acyl/ aryl] /substitution, elimination, with mechanism, orientation of the reaction, order of reactivity, kinetics,								
	stability of compounds, stereochemistry and rearrangements.								
CO4	Understand the electrophilic and free radical addition, cycloaddition reactions.								
CO5	Understand the electrophilic aromatic substitution and nucleophilic addition reactions.								
CO6	O6 Demonstrate the methods of preparation, test for purity, principle involved in the assay, important medicinal uses of some important organic								
	compounds and nucleophilic acyl substitution reactions.								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Structures and Physical properties	a. Polarity of bonds, polarity of molecules, M.P, Inter molecular forces, B.P, Solubility, non-ionic solutes and ionic solutes, protic and aprotic Solvents, ion pairs, b. Acids and bases, Lowry Bronsted and Lewis theories c. Isomerism  2. Free radicals chain reactions of alkane: Mechanism, relative reactivity and stability  3. Alicyclic compounds: Preparations of cyclo alkanes, Bayer strain theory and orbital picture of angle strain.	16	1
2	Theory of resonance  Nomenclature of organic compound	16	2	
3	Nucleophilic aliphatic substitution mechanism Dehydrohalogenati on of alkyl halides	Nucleophiles and leaving groups, kinetics of second and first order reaction, mechanism and kinetics of SN2 reactions. Stereochemistry and steric hindrance, role of solvents, phase transfer catalysis, mechanism and kinetics of SN1 reactions, stereochemistry, carbocation and their stability, rearrangement of carbocation, role of solvents in SN1 reaction, Ion dipole bonds, SN2 versus SN1 solvolysis, nucleophilic assistance by the solvents.  1,2 elimination, kinetics, E2 and E1 mechanism, elimination via carbocation, evidence for E2 mechanism, absence of rearrangement isotope effect, absence hydrogen exchange, the element effect, orientation and reactivity, E2 versus E1, elimination versus substitution, dehydration of alcohol, ease of dehydration, acid catalysis, reversibility, orientation.		3
4	Reactions at carbon-carbon, double bond, electrophile, hydrogenation, heat of hydrogenation and stability of alkenes, markownikoff rule, addition of hydrogen halides, addition of hydrogen bromides, peroxide effect, electrophilic addition, mechanism, rearrangement, absence of hydrogen exchange, orientation and reactivity, addition of halogen, mechanism, halohydin formation, mechanism of free radicals addition, mechanism of peroxide initiated addition of hydrogen bromide, orientation of free addition, additions of carbene to alkene, evelo addition reactions.		16	4
5	Electrophilic aromatic substitution	e Effect of substituent groups, determination of orientation, determination of relative reactivity, classification of substituent group, mechanism of nitration, sulphonation,		5

	Nucleophilic addition reaction	Mechanism of aldol condensation, Claisen condensation, Cannizzaro reaction, crossed aldol condensation, Crossed Cannizzaro reaction, benzoin condensation, Perkin condensation. Knoevenagel, Reformatsky reaction, Wittig reaction, Michael addition.		
6	Study of the following official compounds	Nucleophilic acyl substitution in carboxylic acid derivatives, comparison with nucleophilic addition reaction, ionization of carboxylic acids, acidity of acids, structure of carboxylate ion, effect of substituent on acidity, conversion acids to acid chloride, amide, ester and anhydride,  preparation, test for purity, assay and medicinal uses of Chlorbutol, Dimercaprol, Glyceryl trinitrate, Urea, Ethylene diamine dihyrate, Vanillin, Paraldehyde, Ethylene chloride, Lactic acid, Tartaric acid, citric acid, salicylic acid, aspirin, methyl salicylate, ethyl benzoate, benzyl benzoate, dimethyl pthalate, sodium lauryl sulphate, saccharin sodium, mephensin.	16	6

#### Reference Books:

Organic chemistry – J.M.Cram and D.J.Cram

Organic chemistry- Brown

Advanced organic chemistry- Jerry March, Wiley

Organic chemistry- Cram and Hammered, Pine Hendrickson

### e-Learning Source:

https://www2.chemistry.msu.edu/faculty/reusch/virttxtjml/intro1.htm

https://courses.lumenlearning.com/suny-potsdam-organicchemistry/

https://kpu.pressbooks.pub/organicchemistry/

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/book/10.1002/0471648736

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} https://engineeringbookspdf.com/free-pdf/best-organic-chemistry-book-for-self-study/\\ \end{tabular}$ 

Course Articulation Matrix:							ıtrix: (	Mappin	g of CO	s with PC	s and P	SOs)							
	PS O	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO 5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PSO1	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO6
C	01	3	3	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	2	1	-	1	1	3	-	-	-
C	02	3	3	2	2	0	0	2	2	0	2	1	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
C	03	3	3	1	1	0	0	2	2	0	3	1	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
C	04	2	3	1	1	0	0	2	2	0	2	1	-	1	3	2	-	-	-
C	05	3	2	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
C	O6	3	3	3	2	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session: 2015 - 2016									
Course Code	PRY 109	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	L	T	P	C		
Year	I	Semester	nester ANNUAL 2				3		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	Co-requisite Co-requisite						
Course Objectives	1.To know about fundamentals of Analytical chemistry and also								

	Course Outcomes
CO1	To understand different sources of impurities & to develop ideas with the fundamentals of analytical chemistry
CO2	Clarify need and basic principle and applications of different titrations.
CO3	Well acquainted with the principles of limit test and important inorganic compounds of antidotes, respiratory stimulants & medicinal gases.
CO4	Understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical importance of inorganic compounds of acidifiers and antacids.
CO5	Familiar with the difference classes of inorganic pharmaceutical compounds and their analysis.
CO6	To highlight domain of radiopharmaceuticals used in diagnostics and therapy & to describe typical therapeutic classes of inorganic
	compounds.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction	Sources of impurities in pharmaceuticals. Errors in quantitative analysis, classification of errors, concept of accuracy and precision, treatment of analytical results. Principle of volumetric analysis, different methods of analysis, different methods for expressing concentrations of solutions, primary and secondary standards. Acid-base concepts, relative strength of acids and bases, law of mass action, common ion effect, ionic product of water, Henderson-Hasselbalch equation, buffer solutions, theory of indicators, neutralization curves, choice of indicators, mixed and universal indicators.	16	1
	Non aqueous titration  Precipitation	Theoretical basis, types of solvents, preparations and standardization of titrant solutions, titration of weak acid, weak bases and indicators. standardisation of perchloric acid, lithium and sodium methoxide, tetra butyl ammonium hydroxide.		
2	titrations	Introduction, types of precipitation titrations, end point detection.	16	2
	Complexometric titrations	Introduction, principle, types of titrations, endpoint detection, Theory of Indicators.		
	Gravimetry:	Basic concepts, Precipitation techniques, co-precipitation, post–precipitation, various steps involved in gravimetric analysis, pharmaceutical applications.		
	Limit tests	Definition, importance, general procedure for limit test for chlorides, sulphates, iron, arsenic, lead and heavy metals.		
	Redox titrations	Concepts of oxidation–reduction reactions, redox reactions, theory of redox titrations, redox indicators, iodometry and iodimetry, titrations involving cerric sulphate, potassium iodate,		
3	Medicinal Gases  Respiratory stimulant	potassium bromate, potassium permanganate, titanous chloride.  Preparation and uses of the following Oxygen, Carbon dioxide, Helium, Nitrogen and Nitrous Oxide. <b>Antidotes:</b> Sodium nitrite, Sodium thiosulphate and Charcoal.  Ammonium carbonate.	16	3
	Acidifiers	Dilute hydrochloric acid, Sodium phosphate, Ammonium chloride.		
4	Antacids	Classification, Qualities of an ideal antacid, side effects, advantages, combination therapy, acid neutralizing capacity, Sodium bicarbonate, Potassium citrate, Aluminium hydroxide gel, Dried aluminium hydroxide gel, Magnesium hydroxide, Light and heavy magnesium trisilicate, light and heavy magnesium carbonate, Calcium carbonate, Magaldrate and Bismuth carbonate.	16	4
	Cathartics	Magnesium hydroxide, Magnesium sulphate, Magnesium carbonate and Sodium phosphate.		
5	Electrolyte replenisher	Electrolytes used for replacement therapy: Sodium chloride, Potassium chloride, Calcium chloride, Calcium gluconate.	16	5

	Electrolytes used in the acid-base therapy	Sodium acetate, Potassium acetate, Sodium bicarbonate, Potassium bicarbonate, Sodium citrate, Sodium lactate, Ammonium chloride. Electrolyte combination therapy, Compound sodium chloride solution, Sodium chloride injection and oral rehydration salt.		
	Essential Trace elements	Definition, Physiological role of Iron, Copper, Zinc, Chromium, Manganese, Molybdenum, Selenium, Sulphur and Iodine.		
	Antimicrobials	Hydrogen Peroxide, Potassium Permanganate, Chlorinated Lime, Iodine, Boric Acid, Silver Nitrate, Selenium Sulphide.		
	Pharmaceutical Aids	Sodium bisulphite, sodium metabisulphite, bentonite, magnesium stearate, zinc stearate, aluminium sulphate, sodium carboxy methyl cellulose, purified water, water for injection and sterile water for injection.		
		i) Anti-caries Agents: Role of Fluorides as anti-caries agents, Sodium fluoride.		
6		ii) Dentifrices: Calcium carbonate, dibasic calcium phosphate, Zinc chloride. Sclerosing agents: Hypertonic saline, Sodium tetra decyl sulphate.	16	6
		<b>Expectorants:</b> Potassium citrate and Potassium iodide. Sedative: Potassium bromide.		
	Dental products:	Sclerosing agents: Hypertonic saline, Sodium tetra decyl sulphate.		
		Radiopharmaceuticals: Introduction, measurement of radioactivity, clinical applications and dosage, hazards and precautions.		

#### **Reference Books:**

A.H.Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone Press of University of London, 4th edition.

Pharmaceutical Inorganic chemistry by Dr. B. G. Chetwal.

Analytical Chemsitry by John H. Kennedy.

I. P. 1985 and 1996, Govt. of India, Ministry of health

#### e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/359103968\_Textbook\_of\_Pharmaceutical\_Inorganic\_Chemistry

https://pharmaedu.in/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-notes-pdf-download/

https://www.thepharmacystudy.com/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-books-pdf-free-download/

https://www.scribd.com/book/431648754/Pharmaceutical-Inorganic-Chemistry

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-PS O CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO3	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	-	1	3	1	-	-	-
CO4	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	1	3	2	-	-	-
CO5	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO6	2	1	2	0	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	1	2	1	-	-	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2015 - 2016								
Course Code	PRY111	Title of the Course	REMEDIAL BIOLOGY	L	T	P	C		
Year	I	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite							
Course Objectives	2. This subject has beed drugs and its history,	en introduces to the pha	which gives detailed study of natural sources such as plant ar rmacy course in order to make the student aware of various a distribution and the characters of the plants and animals. macognosy.						

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Students will be able to learn about basic concept/ Knowledge of animal cell and cell organelles'							
CO2	Students will be able to learn about basic concept/ Knowledge of animal tissue and their types.							
CO3	Students will be able to learn about internal morphology(Anatomy and Physiology) of frog which can correlate with human anatomy and							
	physiology							
CO4	Students will be able to learn about Animal Kingdom and Taxonomy.							
CO5	Students will be able to learn about Morphology of plant, Root, Stem, Leaf and its modification							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Study of Animal cell and Study animal tissues	Study of Animal cell: Protoplasm, Plasma membrane and its functions, cytoplasmic cell organelle's like Mitochondria, Golgi complex, Lysosome, Endoplasmic reticulum, Centrosome and centriole, Ribosomes and Nucleus. Study animal tissues: Classification, Structure and function of Epithelial, connective, muscular, nervous tissue and its types.	28	1,2
2	Detailed study of frog:	General characteristics and External morphology of frog. Anatomy and physiology of Digestive system, Nervous system, Endocrine system, Respiratory system, Execratory system, Reproductive system, Circulatory system and Sense organs of frog.	25	2,3
3	Classify the animal kingdom	Classify the animal kingdom: Study of Pisces, Raptiles, and Aves. General organizations of mammals and its taxonomic order. Study of poisonous animals: Snake bite and its management.	26	2,3
4	Introduction, structure, functions of plant cell	Introduction, structure, functions of plant cell, Cell wall, and its constituents. General organizations of plant (cell and cell organelle's) and its inclusions. Plant tissues: Types, structure and functions of Meristem and permanent tissues. Plant kingdom and its classification	27	3,4
5	Morphology of plants	Morphology of plants. Root, Stem, Leaf and Its modifications. Inflorescence and Pollination of flowers. Morphology of fruits and seeds. Plant physiology.	27	2,3
6	Тахопоту	.Taxonomy of Leguminosae, umbelliferae, Solanaceae, Lilliaceae, Zinziberaceae, Rubiaceae. Study of Fungi, Yeast, Penicillin and Bacteria.	22	2,5

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Text books a. Text book of Biology by S.B.Gokhale b. A Text book of Biology by Dr.Thulajappa and Dr. Seetaram
- 2. A Text book of Biology by B.V.Sreenivasa Naidu, A Text book of Biology by Naidu and Murthy.
- 3. Botany for Degree students By A.C.Dutta. Outlines of Zoology by M.Ekambaranatha ayyer and T.N.Ananthakrishnan.
- 4. A manual for pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B.Gokhale and C.K.Kokate.

#### e-Learning Source:

https://byjus.com/ncert-books-class-11-biology/

https://biology.org.ua/files/lib/Raven\_Johnson\_McGraw-Hill\_Biology.pdf

Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs) PO-PS РО PO PO PO PO PO PO PO PO PO1 PO1 PO12 PSO<sub>1</sub> PSO2 PSO3 PSO4 PSO<sub>5</sub> PSO6  $\mathbf{o}$ 2 3 4 5 8 0 1 CO CO 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 CO 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 CO 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 CO 3 2 1 2

CO 5	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	
					1- ]	Low C	orrelat	tion; 2	- Mode	rate Co	rrelatio	n; 3- Sub	stantial C	Correlatio	n				_

Sign & Seal of HoD

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator



Effective from Session: 2015-2016							
Course Code	PRY 102P	Title of the Course	le of the Course HUMAN ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY L				C
Year	Ι	Semester	ANNUAL	-	ı	3	-
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2.It also helps in unders 3.Medicament, which is	standing both homeostasi s produced by pharmacis	al knowledge on the structure and functions of the human s mechanisms and homeostatic imbalances of various bo t, is used to correct deviations in the human body, it enhances is in correcting the disease state of the organs.	dy sys	tems.	erstandii	ng

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Describe the structure (gross and histology) and functions of various organs of the human body, Elementary tissues of the human body, classification, types of movements of joints and disorders of joints.
CO2	Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances of various systems and appreciate the coordinated working pattern of different organs of the Lymphatic system and Urinary system.
CO3	Appreciate the coordinated working pattern of different organs of the Cardiovascular system and Respiratory system.
CO4	Appreciate the coordinated working pattern of different organs of the Endocrine system and Reproductive system.
CO5	Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of Digestive system and Nervous system.
CO6	Understand the anatomy physiology of sense organs, physiology of muscle contraction and Sports physiology.

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Cont act Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Study of Tissue	(a) Study of Tissue of Human Body Epithelial & Muscular Tissue (b) Study of Tissue of Human Body Connective & Nervous Tissue	3	1
2	Haemotological Experiment	Study of Appliances used in Haemotological Experiment	3	2
3	WBC count	To determine of WBC count of your own blood	3	2
4	RBC count	To determine of RBC count of your own blood	3	2
5	Differential count	To determine of differential count of your own blood	3	2
6	ESR	To determine of Erythrocyte sedimentation rate of your own blood	3	2
7	Haemoglobin content	To determine of haemoglobin content of your own blood	3	2
8	Bleeding time	Determination of bleeding time of your own blood.	3	2
9	Clotting time	Determination of clotting time of your own blood.	3	2
10	Blood pressure	To determine the blood pressure with the help of sphygmomanometer	3	2, 3
11	Blood group	To determine the blood group of your own blood	3	2
12	Study of various system	(a) To Study of axial skeleton system with the help of chart & model (b) To Study of appendicular skeleton system with the help of chart & model (c) To Study of cardiovascular system with the help of chart & model (d) To Study of respiratory system with the help of chart & model (e) To Study of digestive system with the help of chart & model (f) To Study of urinary system with the help of chart & model (g) To Study of nervous system with the help of chart & model (h) To Study of special senses with the help of chart & model (i) To Study of reproductive system with the help of chart & model	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 1 3 3 5 2 5 1 4
11	Family planning	To Study of different family planning appliances	3	6
12	Pregnancy diagnostic test	To perform pregnancy diagnostic test	3	6
13	Simle muscle curve	To record simple muscle curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve prepration	3	6
14	Simple summation curve	To record simple summation curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve prepration	3	6
15	Simple effect of temperature	To record simple effect of temperature using gastroenemius sciatic nerve prepration	3	6
16	load & after load using gastroenemius	To record simple effect of load & after load using gastroenemius sciatic nerve prepration	3	6
17	simple fatigue curve	To record simple fatigue curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve prepration	3	6
	simple fatigue curve	10 record simple fatigue curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve prepration	] 3	

### e-Learning Source:

https://pharmacyinfoline.com/human-anatomy-physiology-pharm-d/

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO	PO	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO 4	PSO	PSO
CO	1									U	1		1	2	3	†	,	6
CO1	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	-	1	•	1	-	-	-
CO2	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	-	1	•	1	-	-	-
CO3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	-	1	•	1	-	-	-



							<del>,</del>			,,								
CO4	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	-	1	-	1	1	-	-
CO5	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO6	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-

 1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation															
	]	Name &	Sign o	f Progi	ram Co	ordinat	tor				Si	gn & Se	al of Ho	D	



Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2015-2016											
Course Code	PRY 104	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutics	L	T	P	C					
Year	I	Semester	ANNUAL	-	-	3	-					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite										
Course Objectives	Do different pha     Formulate differ	ent types of dosage forn	involved in formulation.									

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Have information on the formulation aspect of different dosage forms.							
CO2	Perform different pharmaceutical calculations involved in formulations							
CO3	Formulate different types of dosage forms.							
CO4	Appreciate the importance of good formulations for effectiveness.							
CO5	Understand prescription and take necessary steps.							

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Syrups	To prepare & submit Simple syrup, Ephedrine HCl syrup, Vasaka syrup, ferrous Phosphate syrup & Orange syrup.	3	1,2, 3
2	Elixir	To prepare and submit Piperazine citrate elixir, Cascara elixir, Paracetamol elixir.	3	1,2, 3
3	Linetus	To prepare submit Simple Linctus, Pediatric simple Linctus.	3	1,2,3
4	Solutions	To prepare & submit Solution of cresol with soap, Strong solution of ferric chloride, Aqueous Iodine Solution, Strong solution of Iodine, Strong solution of ammonium acetate.	3	1,2,3
5	Liniments	To prepare and submit Liniment of turpentine, Liniment of camphor.	3	1,2,3
6	Suspensions	To prepare and submit Calamine lotion, Magnesium Hydroxide mixture.	3	1,2,3
7	Emulsions	To prepare and submit Cod liver oil emulsion, liquid paraffin emulsion.	3	1,2,3
8	Powders	To prepare and submit Eutectic powder, Explosive powder, Dusting powder, Insufflations.	3	1,2,3
9	Suppositories	To prepare and submit Boric acid suppositories, Chloral suppositories.	3	1,2,3,4
10	Incompatibilities	To find out the type of incompatibility in the given prescription and solve the problem related to mixture .	3	4,5
e-Lear	rning Source:			
IPC· h	nttps://www.ipc.gov.in/			

https://mlrip.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/PHARMACEUTICS-I-LAB-MANUAL.pdf

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	1	1	1	-	1	+	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	1	1	-	2	2	1	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session	n: 2015-2016						
Course Code	PRY106	Title of the Course	Medicinal Biochemistry	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	ANNUAL	0	0	3	1.5
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>Explain the clir</li> <li>Diagnosis of cl</li> <li>knowledge of b</li> </ol>	damental biochemistry lical significance of the inical disorders by estimiochemical principles for the principles for the principles for the principle of biomole distributions and the principle of the principle of biomole distributions are the principles for the principle of th	nating biomarkers or organ function tests				

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Discuss the fundamental biochemistry knowledge related to health								
CO2	Explain the clinical significance of the laboratory tests & Diagnosis of clinical disorders by estimating biomarkers								
CO3	They can use knowledge of the metabolic process of biomolecules in health and illness (metabolic disorders)								
CO4	They can use the knowledge of biochemical principles for organ function tests of kidney and liver								
CO5	Knowledge of optimum temperature & pH of body fluids necessary for normal functioning of biochemical process in human body								

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Urinalysis (Urine Test)	<ol> <li>Qualitative analysis of normal constituents of urine.</li> <li>Qualitative analysis of abnormal constituents of urine</li> <li>Quantitative estimation of urine sugar by Benedict s reagent method</li> <li>Quantitative estimation of urine chlorides by Volhard's method</li> <li>Quantitative estimation of urine creatinine by Jaffe s method</li> <li>Quantitative estimation of urine calcium by precipitation method</li> </ol>	3	1,2,3
2	Blood sugar Test	<ol> <li>Preparation of Folin Wu filtrate from blood</li> <li>Quantitative estimation of blood sugar Folin-Wu tube method</li> </ol>	3	1,3
3	Organ Function Test	Liver 1. Estimation of SGOT in serum 2. Estimation of SGPT in serum 3. Estimation of Proteins in Serum 4. Determination of bilirubin in Serum Kidney 5. Estimation of Urea in Serum 6. Quantitative estimation of blood creatinine 7. Determination of sodium, calcium and potassium in serum	3	1,2,4
4	Carbohydrate estimation	<ol> <li>Determination of Glucose by means of Glucoseoxidase</li> <li>Enzymatic hydrolysis of Glycogen/Starch by Amylases</li> </ol>	3	1,3
5	Factors affecting Enzyme activity	<ol> <li>Study of factors affecting Enzyme activity. (pH &amp; Temp.)</li> <li>Preparation of standard buffer solutions and its pH measurements (any two)</li> </ol>	3	1,3,5
6	Estimation of cholesterol and lipids	<ol> <li>Experiment on lipid profile tests</li> <li>Quantitative estimation of serum cholesterol by Liebermann Burchard s method</li> </ol>	3	1,3

### e-Learning Source:

Guidelines on Standard Operating Procedures for Clinical Chemistry <u>Guidelines on standard operating procedures for clinical chemistry (who.int)</u>

Blood serum protocols Laboratory Procedure Manual: Biochemistry Profile (cdc.gov)

SOPs for laboratory-Laboratory.pdf (delhi.gov.in)

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO1	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator

Sign & Seal of HoD





Effective from Session: 2015-2016													
Course Code	PRY108	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry Practical	L	Т	P	C						
Year	I	Semester	ANNUAL	0	0	3	1.5						
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite											
Course Objectives	<ul><li>2. To synthesize &amp;</li><li>3. To understand d</li><li>4. To understand t</li></ul>		nic compounds.  ns & their mechanisms.  compounds, reagents, solvents & their uses and purpose.										

	Course Outcomes											
CO1	Understanding of various laboratory techniques like purification of organic compounds by filtration, steam distillation & recrystallization.											
CO2	Identification & classification of organic compounds on the basis of their functional groups, physical properties, reactivity and stability.											
CO3	Synthesis of various organic compounds and the reaction mechanism involved in the synthesis.											
CO4	Stoichiometric calculation and determination of percentage yields of the products obtained by synthesis											
CO5	Understanding of 3D structure & conformers and stereochemistry of different organic compounds.											
CO6	-											

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration involving synthesis: Acetylation	<ol> <li>Synthesis of Acetanilide</li> <li>Synthesis of Aspirin</li> </ol>	3	1,3,4
2	Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration involving synthesis: Benzoylation	<ol> <li>Synthesis of Benzanilide</li> <li>Synthesis of Phenyl Benzoate</li> </ol>	3	1,3,4
3	Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration involving synthesis: Bromination	<ol> <li>Synthesis of P-bromo acetanilide</li> <li>Synthesis of 2,4,6 – tribromo aniline</li> </ol>	3	1,3,4
4	Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration involving synthesis: Condensation	<ol> <li>Synthesis of Dibenzylidene acetone</li> <li>Synthesis of Benzophenone oxime by condensation of benzophenone with hydroxylamine</li> </ol>	3	1,3,4
5	Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration involving synthesis: Diazotization & coupling	1. Synthesis of 1-Phenylazo-2-napthol	3	1,3,4
6	Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration involving synthesis: Hydrolysis of Esters	<ol> <li>Synthesis of Benzoic acid</li> <li>Synthesis of Salicylic acid</li> </ol>	3	1,3,4
7	Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration involving synthesis: Nitration	<ol> <li>Synthesis of m-dinitro benzene</li> <li>Synthesis of Picric acid</li> <li>Nitration of Salicylic acid</li> </ol>	3	1,3,4
8	Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration	<ol> <li>Synthesis of 9, 10 – Antharaquinone from anthracene</li> <li>Synthesis of benzoic acid from toluene or benzaldehyde</li> <li>Synthesis of O-chloro-benzoic acid from O-chloro-tolune</li> </ol>	3	1,3,4



	1	integral enretisity; Lucknow		
	involving synthesis:			
	Oxidation			
9	Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration involving synthesis: Reduction	<ol> <li>Synthesis of m-phenylene diamine from m-dinitrobenzene</li> <li>Synthesis of Aniline from Nitrobenzene</li> </ol>	3	1,3,4
		Identification of organic compounds & derivatives containing following functional groups		
10	Identification of organic compounds on the basis of chemical tests of functional groups	1. Phenols 2. Amides 3. Carbohydrates 4. Amines 5. Carboxylic acids 6. Aldehyde and ketones 7. Alcohols 8. Esters 9. Hydrocarbons 10. Anilides 11. Nitrocompounds.	3	2
11	Demonstration of 3D Structure of compounds using models (stereo models)	Building 3D models of following compounds –  1. Methane 2. Ethane 3. Ethylene 4. Acetylene 5. Cis alkene 6. Trans alkene 7. Inversion of configuration.	3	5

### e-Learning Source:

Identification of functional groups (Virtual Lab by CDAC) Tests for the functional groups (Theory): Chemistry: Amrita Online Lab (olabs.edu.in)

Synthesis of organic compounds (Virtual Lab by CDAC) Preparation of Organic Compounds (Theory): Chemistry: Amrita Online Lab (olabs.edu.in)

Stereochemistry 3D Models Stereochemistry Home Page (chemtube3d.com)

					C	ourse A	rticula	tion Ma	trix: (N	<b>Tapping</b>	of COs	with P	Os and	PSOs)				
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO11	PO1 2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	1	1	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	3	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	3	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



<b>Effective from Sessio</b>	Effective from Session: 2015-2016												
Course Code	PRY-110	Title of the Course	Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry	L	T	P	C						
Year	I	Semester	ANNUAL			3	1. 5						
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite											
Course Objectives	1.To study about fundamental of analytical chemistry												

	Course Outcomes										
CO1	Understand the principles and procedures of analysis of drugs of Inorganic Pharmaceuticals										
CO2	To check impurities by applying limit test										
CO3	Synthesis of different inorganic pharmaceutical compounds										
CO4	Clarify need basic principles of non-aqueous and acid base titration										
CO5	How to assay different classes of inorganic compounds										
CO6	Assessment of the analytical results of acid base titration										

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Equipment's study	General Introduction to Pharmaceutical chemistry Laboratory and study the different laboratory equipment's and glassware's	3	1
2	Limit test	To perform limit test of chloride from the given sample	3	2
3	Limit test	To perform the limit test of Sulphate from the given sample	3	2
4	Limit test	To perform the limit test of Iron from the given sample	3	2
5	Limit test	To perform the limit test of Heavy metal from the given sample	3	2
6	Limit test	To perform the limit test of Arsenic from the given sample	3	2
7	Modified limit test	To perform the modified limit test for Chloride from the given sample	3	2
8	Modified limit test	To perform the modified limit test for Sulphate from the given sample	3	2
9	Synthesis	To prepare and submit Magnesium carbonate	3	3
10	Synthesis	To prepare and submit Calcium carbonate	3	3
11	Synthesis	To prepare and submit Potash Alum	3	3
12	Synthesis	To prepare and submit Boric acid	3	3
13	Synthesis	To prepare and submit Magnesium sulphate	3	3
14	Identification test	To perform identification test of Sodium bicarbonate	3	1
15	Identification test	To perform identification test of Copper sulphate	3	1
16	Identification test	To perform identification test of Barium sulphate	3	1
17	Identification test	To perform identification test of Ferrous sulphate	3	1
18	Assay	To prepare and standardize 0.1 N Potassium Permanganate solution by 0.1 N oxalic acid	3	5
19	Assay	To perform the assay of Potassium iodide	3	5
20	Assay	To perform the assay of Sodium Chloride by Volhard's method	3	5
21	Assay	To perform the assay of Calcium Gluconate	3	5
22	Assay	To perform the assay of Magnesium Sulphate	3	5
23	Assay	To perform the assay of Copper Sulphate	3	5
24	Assay	To identify the swelling factor of bentonite powder	3	5
25	Assay	To estimate the amount of Barium as Barium Sulphate from the given sodium sulphate by gravimetric estimation	3	5
e-Lear	rning Source:			

 $\underline{https://recnotes.com/category/pharm-d-lab-experiment/pharm-d-1st-year lab-experiments/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharm-d-lab-experiment/pharm-d-1st-year lab-experiments/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharm-d-1st-year lab-experiments/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharm-d-1st-year lab-experiments/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharm-d-1st-year lab-experiments/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharm-d-1st-year lab-experiments/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharm-d-1st-year lab-experiments/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-practical/pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-pharmaceutical-inorganic-chemistry-pharmaceutic$ 



	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
					C	ourse A	rticula	tion Ma	trix: (N	<b>Iapping</b>	of COs	with P	Os and l	PSOs)				
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO11	PO1 2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	1	0	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	2	0	2	2	0	1	1	1	1	0	2	-	-	-	-	•	•	-
CO3	2	1	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	0	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	_
CO4	1	1	1	1	0	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	_
CO5	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO6	1	1	1	2	0	2	1	2	1	0	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

	1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation																
		ľ	Name &	Sign o	of Progr	am Coo	rdinato	r					Sign	n & Seal	of HoD		
L																	



Effective from Session: 2015-2016										
Course Code	PRY 112P	Title of the Course	REMEDIAL BIOLOGY	L	T	P	C			
Year	I	Semester	ANNUAL	-	-	3	-			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	2. This subject had drugs and its hi		pharmacy course in order to make the student aware of variation, distribution and the characters of the plants and anima		turally	occurrir	ıg			

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Students will be able to learn about basic concept/ Knowledge of animal cell and cell organelles'							
CO2	Students will be able to learn about basic concept/ Knowledge of animal tissue and their types.							
CO3	Students will be able to learn about internal morphology(Anatomy and Physiology) of frog which can correlate with human anatomy and							
	physiology							
CO4	Students will be able to learn about Animal Kingdom and Taxonomy.							
CO5	Students will be able to learn about Morphology of plant, Root, Stem, Leaf and its modification							

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction of biology experiments	To study the cell & cell structure.	3	2
2	Animal & Plants cell	To study the cell wall constituents & cell inclusion.	3	1
3	Stem modification	To study of stem modification.	3	5
4	Root modification	To study of root modification.	3	5
5	Leaves modification	To study of leaves modification	3	5
6	Introduction of fruits & seeds	To study the introduction of fruit & seeds	3	5
7	Prepration of permanent slides	To prepare the permanent slides.	3	3
8	Transfer section of senna leaves	To prepare the transfer section of senna leaves.	3	5
9	Transfer section of cassia	Transfer section of cassia.	3	3
10	Transfer section of podophyllum	Transfer section of podophyllum.	3	3
11	Simple plant physiology experiment	Simple plant physiology experiment	3	3
12	Study of frog	<ul><li>(a)To study the digestive system of frog</li><li>(b)To study the respiratory system of frog</li><li>(c)To study the reproductive system of frog</li></ul>	3	3
13	Computer based tutorial	Computer based tutorial.	3	3

### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://pharmacyinfoline.com/remedial-mathematics-biology-pharm-d/}$ 

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO CO1	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1								
		1		1	1		1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-			-	-
CO2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



None & Circus December 19 and								
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD							



Effective from Session: 2016-2017										
Course Code	PRY201	Title of the Course	e of the Course Pathophysiology							
Year	II	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	-	-			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB )	Co-requisite								
Course Objectives  1. Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected disease states; 2. Name the signs and symptoms of the diseases; and 3. Mention the complications of the diseases										

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand details of cell Injury, learn about different types of glucose related disease. Grasp the details about cause and pathogenesis of
	inflammation. Learn about wound healing process
CO2	Learn about hypersensitivity, autoimmune mechanism, Grasp the knowledge about AIDS and Amylodosis. Understand the differences and
	properties of T & Cells. Gain knowledge about immune tolerance
CO3	Gain knowledge about the tumor, cancer, the pattern of spread, invasion, and metastasis. Learn about the etiology and pathogenesis of
	cancer.
CO4	Gain knowledge about types and management of shock. Understand the biological effects of radiation. Learn about different types of pollution.
	Gain information about different types of vitamins, obesity, malnutrition etc.
CO5	Learn the pathophysiology of some common diseases, Understand the mechanism behind the disease
CO6	Learn the pathophysiology of some common infectious diseases. Understand the mechanism of common infectious disease

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Basic principles of cell injury and Adaptation Inflammation	<ul> <li>a) Causes, Pathogenesis and morphology of cell injury</li> <li>b) Abnormalities in lipoproteinaemia, glycogen infiltration and glycogen infiltration and glycogen infiltration and glycogen infiltration and glycogen storage diseases</li> <li>c) Pathogenesis of acute inflammation, Chemical mediators in inflammation, Types of chronic inflammation</li> <li>d) Repairs of wounds in the skin, factors influencing healing of wounds</li> </ul>	16	1
2	Diseases of Immunity	a) Introduction to T and B cells b) MHC proteins or transplantation antigens c) Immune tolerance - Hypersensitivity Hypersensitivity type I, II, III, IV, Biological significance, Allergy due to food, chemicals and drugs - Autoimmunity Criteria for autoimmunity, Classifications of autoimmune diseases in man, mechanism of autoimmunity, Transplantation and immunologic tolerance, allograft rejections, transplantation antigens, mechanism of rejection of allograft Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) - Amylodosis	26	2
3	Cancer	Differences between benign and malignant tumors, Histological diagnosis of malignancy, invasions and metastasis, patterns of spread, disturbances of growth of cells, classification of tumors, general biology of tumors, spread of malignant tumors, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer.	09	3
4	Shock, Radiation and Environmental and nutritional diseases	Types of shock, mechanisms, stages and management Biological effects of radiation Environmental and nutritional diseases i) Air pollution and smoking- SO <sub>2</sub> ,NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , and CO ii) Protein calorie malnutrition, vitamins, obesity, pathogenesis of starvation.	12	4
5	Pathophysiology of common diseases	Parkinsonism, Schizophrenia, Depression and mania, Hypertension,, Stroke (ischaemic and hemorrhage), Angina, CCF, Atherosclerosis, Myocardial infarction, Diabetes Mellitus, Peptic ulcer and inflammatory bowel diseases, Cirrhosis and Alcoholic liver diseases, Acute and chronic renal failure, Asthma and chronic obstructive airway diseases	19	5
6	Infectious diseases	Sexually transmitted diseases (HIV, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea), Urinary tract infections, Pneumonia, Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Leprosy, Malaria Dysentery (bacterial and amoebic), Hepatitis- infective hepatitis.	14	6

### **Reference Books:**

Pathologic basis of disease by- Cotran, Kumar, Robbins

Text book of Pathology- Harsh Mohan

Text book of Pathology- Y.M. Bhinde

Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics; Second edition; Roger Walker; Churchill Livingstone publication

#### e-Learning Source:

https://www.lecturio.com/concepts/cell-injury-and-death/

https://www.physio-pedia.com/wound_fieding	https://www.physio-pedia.com/Wound_Healing	g 5	
https://www.visitcompletecare.com/blog/types-of-shock/	https://www.visitcompletecare.com/blog/types-	-of-shock/	

https://nios.ac.in/media/documents/SrSec314NewE/Lesson-29.pdf

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	1	1	-	ı	1	ı	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3	-	-	-
CO 3	3	1	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	1	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3	-	-	-
CO 6	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3	-	-	-

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator Sign & Seal of HoD
---



Effective from Session: 2016	5-2017						
Course Code	PRY 202	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Microbiology	L	T	P	C
Year	II	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2. kno trea 3. do 4. do 5. do	ow the mode of tra atment aspect; estimation of RNA ar cultivation and identi identification of dis	ification, growth factors and sterilization of microorgansmission of disease causing microorganism, sympond DNA and there by identifying the source; fication of the microorganisms in the laboratory; eases by performing the diagnostic tests; and appropharacteristics of microorganisms.	otoms	of dis		

	Course Outcomes
CO1	To know the history and major divisions of microbes & about nutritional requirement for cultivation of microbes.
CO2	Students can able to know isolation, identification of microbes by different staining techniques.
CO3	Knowledge, application, testing and validation of sterilization in pharmaceutical preparation and evaluation of preservatives in pharmaceutical preparations.
CO4	Demonstrate an understanding of key concepts in immunology, immunization program and importance of booster dose and role of bacterial toxins.
CO5	Knowledge on the principles of biochemical tests and Principles and methods of different microbiological assays of antibiotics and vitamins.
CO6	Students can able to understand various infections (microbial causes, pathogenesis, and transmission of infection, diagnosis, prevention and treatment.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO				
1	Introduction to the science of microbiology.	ne science of Different methods of classification of microbes and study of Bacteria, Fungi, Virus, Pickettsiae and Spirochetes						
2	Introduction of media	I maintenance of lab cultures. Different methods used in isolation and identification.						
3	Sterilization Methods	Detailed study of different methods of sterilization including their merits and demerits. Sterilization methods for all pharmaceutical products. Detailed study of sterility testing of different pharmaceutical preparations. Brief information on validation. Study of disinfectants, antiseptics, fungicidal and virucidal agents factors affecting their activation and mechanism of action. Evaluation of bactericidal, bacteriostatic and virucidal activities, evaluation of preservatives in pharmaceutical preparations.	16	3				
4	Immunity, definition, classification, general principles of natural immunity, phagocytosis, acquired immunity (active and passive). Antigens, chemical nature of antigens structure and formation of antibodies, antigen-antibody reactions.  Bacterial exotoxins and endotoxins. Significance of toxoids in active immunity, Immunization programme and importance of booster dose.							
5	Diagnostic tests	Schick's test, Elisa test, Western Blot test, Southern Blot, PCR, Widal, QBC, Mantaux Peripheral smear. Microbial culture sensitivity Testing: Interpretation of results.  Principles and methods of different microbiological assays, microbiological assay of Penicillin, Streptomycin and vitamin B <sub>2</sub> and B <sub>12</sub> .	16	5				
6	Study of infectious diseases:	16	6					

#### **Reference Books:**

Prescot L.M., Jarley G.P Klein D.A "Microbiology" 2nd edition Mc Graw Hill, Company Inc

Rawlins E.A."Bentley's Text Book of Pharmaceutics" Bailliere Tindals 24-28, London 1988

Forbisher "Fundamentals of Microbiology" Philidelphia W.B. Saunders.

War Roitt, Jonathan Brostoff, David male, "Immunology"3rd edition 1996, Mosby-year book Europe Ltd, London.

### e-Learning Source:

https://openstax.org/details/books/microbiology

https://open.umn.edu/opentextbooks/textbooks/404 chrome-

 $extension: //efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https: //rlmc.edu.pk/themes/images/gallery/library/books/Microbiology/Text\_Book\_of\_Microbiology.pdf \\$ 

http://www.freebookcentre.net/medical\_text\_books\_journals/microbiology\_ebooks\_online\_texts\_download.html

						Co	urse A	rticulat	tion Mat	rix: (Ma	pping of	COs wit	h POs a	nd PSOs)				
PO- PS O	PO1	PO 2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	1	2	1	9	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	1	-	-	-
CO 2	2	2	2	1	0	1	2	2	1	1	2	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO 3	2	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	2	1	-	-	-
CO 4	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO 5	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO 6	2	3	2	0	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	-

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator Sign & Seal of HoD
---



<b>Effective from Session: 201</b>	6-2017						
Course Code	PRY 204	Title of the Course	Pharmacognosy and Phytopharmaceuticals	L	Т	P	C
Year	II	Semester	ter ANNUAL 3			0	3
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	- Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2. Know the	e source, active cor	les of cultivation, collection and storage of crude astituents and uses of crude drugs; and of primary and secondary metabolites of the plan		s;		

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Gain knowledge on biological source, active constituents and medicinal importance of crude drugs belonging to natural origin
CO2	Understand the techniques of evaluation of crude drugs as per the WHO guidelines and detect any debasement
CO3	Understand the basic principles of cultivation, collection and storage of crude drugs
CO4	Appreciate the applications of Primary & Secondary metabolites of the plant and explore its medicinal importance based on its chemical class
CO5	Analyze the techniques of extraction and analysis of plant metabolites and fibres
CO6	Appreciate the preparation of surgical products from natural sources

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction	Definition, history and scope of Pharmacognosy. Study of cell wall constituents and cell inclusions. Detailed study of various cell constituents. Classification of crude drugs	15	1
2	Cultivation of crude drugs	15	2	
3	Primary and Secondary metabolite	Microscopical and powder Microscopical study of crude drugs Classification of crude drugs. Different methods of adulteration of crude drugs	15	3
4	Techniques of analysis of plant metabolites and fibres	Carbohydrates and related products. Detailed study carbohydrates containing drugs. (11 drugs). Definition sources, method extraction, chemistry and method of analysis of lipids.	15	4
5	Analysis of proteins	Detailed study of oils. Definition, classification, chemistry and method of analysis of protein.	15	5
6	Plant products	15	6	
Referen	ce Books:			

Pharmacognosy by Brady &Tyler.E.

Pharmacognosy by T.E.Wallis

Pharmacognosy by C.S. Shah & Qadery.

Pharmacognosy by M.A. Iyengar

e-Learning Source:

·		

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	-	-	-
CO 2	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
CO 4	1	-	1	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO 5	-	-	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator Sign & Seal of HoD	
---	--



Effective from Session: 2016	Effective from Session: 2016-2017									
Course Code	PRY206	Title of the Course	Pharmacology-I	L	Т	P	C			
Year	II	Semester	ester ANNUAL 3				4			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	1. understands 2. handle and 3. appreciates	the pharmacological accurry out the animal ex	macology subject as a basis of therapeutics; and							

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Conceptual knowledge of pharmacology basics							
CO2	Precise knowledge about pharmacological aspects of drugs mentioned under different categories of syllabus.							
CO3	Application of acquired knowledge to the basics of therapeutics.							
CO4	Clinical correlation of different drugs.							
CO5	Knowledge of Preclinical and Clinical studies.							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO			
1	General Pharmacology	a) Introduction, definitions and scope of pharmacology b) Routes of administration of drugs c) Pharmacokinetics (absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion) d) Pharmacodynamics e) Factors modifying drug effects f) Drug toxicity - Acute, sub- acute and chronic toxicity. g) Pre-clinical evaluations h) Drug interactions	16	1,5			
2	Pharmacology of drugs acting on ANS	a) Adrenergic and antiadrenergic drugs b) Cholinergic and anticholinergic drugs c) Neuromuscular blockers d) Mydriactics and miotics					
3	Pharmacology of drugs acting on cardiovascular system	a) Antihypertensives b) Anti-anginal drugs c) Anti-arrhythmic drugs d) Drugs used for therapy of Congestive Heart Failure e) Drugs used for hyperlipidaemias	12	2,3 &4			
4	Pharmacology of drugs acting on Central Nervous System	a) General anesthetics b) Sedatives and hypnotics c) Anticonvulsants d) Analgesic and anti-inflammatory agents e) Psychotropic drugs f) Alcohol and methyl alcohol g) CNS stimulants and cognition enhancers h) Pharmacology of local anaesthetics	12	2,3 &4			
5	Pharmacology of Drugs acting on Respiratory tract	a) Bronchodilators b) Mucolytics c) Expectorants d) Antitussives e) NasalDecongestants	12	2,3 &4			
6	Pharmacology of Hormones and Hormone antagonists	a) Thyroid and Antithyroid drugs     b) Insulin, Insulin analogues and oral hypoglycemic agents     c) Sex hormones and oral contraceptives     d) Oxytocin and other stimulants and relaxants	12	2,3 &4			
7	Pharmacology of autocoids and their antagonists	a) Histamines and Antihistaminics     b) 5-Hydroxytryptamine and its antagonists     c) Lipid derived autocoids and platelet activating factor	12	2,3 &4			

### **Reference Books:**

- a. Goodman Gilman, A., Rall, T.W., Nies, A.I.S. and Taylor, P. Goodman and Gilman's The pharmacological Basis of therapeutics. 9th Ed, 1996. Publisher Mc Graw Hill, Pergamon press.
- b. Craig, C.R.&Stitzel, R.E. Modern Pharmacology. Latest edition. Publisher: Little Brown.Co
- c. Katzung, B.G. Basic and clinical pharmacology. Latest edition. Publisher: Prentice Hall, Int.
- d. Shargel and Leon. Applied Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics. Latest edition. Publisher: Prentice Hall, London.

#### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://pharmacyfunblog.files.wordpress.com/2016/11/kd-tripathi-essentials-of-medical-pharmacologyunited vrg-2013.pdf}$ 

					Co	ourse A	Articu	lation	Matrix	: (Mappir	ng of COs	with PO	s and PSC	Os)				
PO -PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO	_				_			_					_					
CO 1	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 2	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	-	3	3	2	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	3	3	2	-	-	-

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
Nume & Sign of Frogram Coordinator	



Effective from Session: 2016	5-2017						
Course Code	PRY 207	Title of the Course	Community Pharmacy	L	Т	P	C
Year	II	Semester	ANNUAL	2	1	0	3
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	pharmaceutic 1- The studer 2- The studer 3- The studer	al care services. In cast shall be able to dis that shall be able to result shall be able to pro- that shall be able to pro-	nacy practice in India, Community Pharmacists are exporder to meet this demand:- pense the medicine spond to minor ailments ovide patient counseling, ovide health screening services	pected	l to off	er vario	ous

	Course Outcomes						
CO1	Student shall be able to know pharmaceutical care services.						
CO2	Student shall be able to know the business and professional practice management skills in community pharmacies.						
CO3	Student shall be able to do patient counselling & provide health screening services to public in community pharmacy						
CO4	Student shall be able to respond to minor ailments and provide appropriate medication.						
CO5	Student shall be able to show empathy and sympathy to patients						
CO6	Student shall be able to appreciate the concept of Rational drug therapy.						

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to Community Pharmacy	Definition, scope, of community pharmacy, Roles and responsibilities of the Community pharmacist, Code of ethics for community pharmacists	4	1,5
2	Community Pharmacy Management, Inventory control in community pharmacy	Community Pharmacy Management:-Selection of site, Space layout, and design, Staff, Materials- coding, stocking, Legal requirements, Maintenance of various registers, Use of Computers: Business and health care soft wares Inventory control in community pharmacy:-Definition, various methods of Inventory Control ABC, VED, EOQ, Lead time, safety stock	11	2
3	Prescriptions, OTC Medication, Essential Drugs concept and Rational Drug Therapy	Prescriptions- parts of prescription, legality & identification of medication-related problems like drug interactions OTC Medication- Definition, OTC medication list & Counseling Essential Drugs concept and Rational Drug Therapy, Role of community pharmacist	11	4,6
4	Health Education	WHO Definition of health and health promotion, care for children, pregnant & breastfeeding women, and geriatric patients. Commonly occurring Communicable Diseases, causative agents, Clinical presentations and prevention of communicable diseases — Tuberculosis, Hepatitis, Typhoid, Amoebiasis, Malaria, Leprosy, Syphilis, Gonorrhea and AIDS Balance diet, and treatment & prevention of deficiency disorders Family planning — role of pharmacist	17	3,4
5	Health screening services, Responding to symptoms of minor ailments	Health screening services - Definition, importance, methods for screening Blood pressure/ blood sugar/ lung function and Cholesterol testing Responding to symptoms of minor ailments- Relevant pathophysiology, common drug therapy to Pain, GI disturbances (Nausea, Vomiting, Dyspepsia, diarrhea, constipation), Pyrexia, Ophthalmic symptoms, worms infestations	17	3,4
6	Pharmaceutical care, Patient counseling, Patient medication adherence	Pharmaceutical care - Definition and Principles of Pharmaceutical care Patient counseling - Definition, outcomes, various stages, barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers, Patient information leaflets- content, design, & layouts, advisory labels Patient medication adherence - Definition, Factors affecting medication adherence, role of pharmacist in improving the adherence	6	1,3

#### Reference Books:

Handbook of pharmacy – health care. Edt. Robin J Harman. The Pharmaceutical press.

Comprehensive Pharmacy Review – Edt. Leon Shargel. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

Health Education and Community Pharmacy by N.S.Parmar.

Drug store & Business management by Mohammed Ali & Jyoti.

e-Learning Source:	
https://www.pharmpress.com/product/9780853697169/community-pharmacy-handbook	
https://www.elsovier.com/books/community.phormony/suttos/079.0.7020.9020.3	

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	-	1	0	3	-	-	-
CO2	1	0	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	2	-	1	3	1	-	-	-
CO3	1	3	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	-	3	1	2	-	-	-
CO4	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	3	0	3	-	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO5	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	-	3	0	2	-	-	-
CO6	2	3	2	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	-	2	1	3	-	-	-

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator Sign & Seal of HoD
---



Effective from Session: 2016	Effective from Session: 2016-2017									
Course Code	PRY-203	Title of the Course	PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY	L	T	P	C			
Year	II	Semester	ANNUAL	-	-	3	-			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	and maintena	nce.	microorganisms, its classification, morphology, laboratory of pharmaceutical products, equipment, media etc.	cultiva	ation ide	entificat	tion			

	Course Outcomes
CO1	To know the history and major divisions of microbes & about nutritional requirement for cultivation of
	microbes.
CO2	Students can able to know isolation, identification of microbes by different staining techniques.
CO3	Knowledge, application, testing and validation of sterilization in pharmaceutical preparation and
	evaluation of preservatives in pharmaceutical preparations.
CO4	Demonstrate an understanding of key concepts in immunology, immunization program and importance of
	booster dose and role of bacterial toxins.
CO5	Knowledge on the principles of biochemical tests and Principles and methods of different microbiological
	assays of antibiotics and vitamins.
CO6	Students can able to understanding of various infections (microbial causes, pathogenesis, and transmission
	of infection, diagnosis, prevention and treatment.

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO		
1	Microbiology	Introduction to microbiology	3	1		
2	Different Laboratory apparatus					
3	Basic instrument	To study about the compound microscope and its parts	3	2		
4	Study of motility of bacteria	To study the motility of bacteria with the help of Hanging drop method	3	2		
5	Staining of bacteria	To perform the simple staining of given microorganism	3	2		
6	Staining of bacteria	To perform the negative staining of the given culture of micro organism	3	2		
7	Staining of bacteria	To perform the gram staining of given culture	3	2		
8	Nutrient broth	To prepare nutrient broth	3	1		
9	Sterilization	To perform the dry heat sterilization of the given glassware	3	3		
10	Sterilization	To perform the moist heat sterilization of given media and glass wares by Autoclave	3	3		
11	Aseptic transfer	To perform aseptic transfer of nutrient broth	3	2		
12	Nutrient agar	To prepare nutrient Agar	3	1		
13	Inoculation of bacteria	To perform inoculation of agar plate by Spread plate method	3	2		
14	Isolation of bacteria	To perform isolation of bacteria from given culture by streaking method	3	2		
15	Assay	To perform the microbial assay of antibiotics using cup plate method	3	5		
16	Sterility testing	To perform sterility testing of pharmaceutical products	3	5		
17	Antibiotic susceptibility test	To perform Antibiotic susceptibility test by antibiotic disc method (Kirby-Bauer method)	3	5		
18	Minimum inhibitory concentration	To determine minimum inhibitory concentration of Phenol	3	5		

## e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.dropbox.com/s/v124abkm3f3l54h/5\_6104695205468832200.pdf?dl=0}$ 

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	1	2	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	1	-	-	-
CO2	2	2	2	1	0	1	2	2	1	1	2	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO3	2	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	2	1	-	-	-
CO4	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO5	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	1
CO6	2	3	2	0	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



<b>Effective from Session: 201</b>	6-2017									
Course Code	PRY 205	Title of the Course	Pharmacognosy and Phytopharmaceuticals	L	T	P	C			
Year	II	Semester	ANNUAL	0	0	2.5	_			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	1.Know the source, active constituents and uses of crude drugs; and 2.Appreciate the applications of primary and secondary metabolites of the plant. 3.To evaluate and analyze the medicinal importance of crude drugs									

	•	evaluate and analyze the medicinal importance of crude drugs		
		Course Outcomes		
CO1		onstituents and uses of crude drugs;		
CO2		s of primary and secondary metabolites of the plant.		
CO3		gs by help of macroscopic and microscopic techniques.		
CO4		s on the basis of their chemical tests		
CO5	To evaluate crude drugs ag	gainst adulteration.		
CO6	Study of crude drugs			3.5
Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mappe d CO
1	Introduction	Definition, history and scope of Pharmacognosy.  Introduction to pharmacognosy laboratory and instruments. Study of cell wall constituents and cell inclusions.  Detailed study of various cell constituents. Classification of crude drugs	15	1
2	Morphological,microsc opical and powder study of crude drugs.	Morphological,microscopical and powder study of crude drugs: Datura,Podophyllum,Nuxvomica,Senna,Coriander,Quassia,Cinnamon Cinchona,Ephedra,Quassia,Clove,Fennel,Isapgol,Rauwolfia,Liquorice, Ginger.	15	2
3	Analysis of oils/Fats	To determine the iodine value, saponification value, ester value and acid value of crude drugs.	15	3
4	Chemical test of carbohydrates	To perform the chemical test of Acacia, Tragacanth, Agar, Starch,	15	4
5	Chemical test of Lipids	To perform the chemical test of Castor oil,sesame oil,shark liver oil,beeswax.	15	5
6	Study of gelatin	Biological source and chemical test of Gelatin.	15	6
e-Lea	arning Source:		•	•
https:	://recnotes.com/category/pha	arm-d-notes/pharm-d-2nd-year-notes/pharmacognosy-phytopharmaceuticals-notes/		

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO 3	PO 4	PO5	PO6	PO 7	PO 8	PO9	PO10	PO1	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4	PSO 5	PSO6
CO1	2	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	1	1	-	2	1	1	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
CO4	1	-	1	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-



Effective from Session:	: 2017-2018								
Course Code	PRY301	Title of the Course	Pharmacology-II	L	T	P	C		
Year	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Semester	-	3	1	0	4		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite							
<b>Course Objectives</b>	1. To understand the concepts of chemotherapy. 2. To understand regarding the types of antimicrobials with their classification, and pharmaceutical applications/uses.								

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Students can able to find out Contraindications and drug interaction for specific drugs								
CO2	Explain the pharmacological aspects of drugs falling under the course								
CO3	Analyze the importance of pharmacology subject as a basis of therapeutics								
CO4	Students can correlate and apply the knowledge of drugs therapeutically								
CO5	They can understand about applications of toxicology for pharmaceutical screening.								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Pharmacology of Drugs acting on Blood and blood forming agents	a) Anticoagulants; b) Thrombolytics and antiplatelet agents c) Haemopoietics and plasma expanders	21	1
2	Pharmacology of drugs acting on Renal System	<ul><li>a) Diuretics</li><li>b) Antidiuretics</li></ul>	05	2
3	Chemotherapy	a) Introduction; b) Sulfonamides and co-trimoxazole c) Penicillins and Cephalosporins; d) Tetracyclins and Chloramphenicol; e) Macrolides, Aminoglycosides, Polyene & Polypeptide antibiotics; f) Quinolines and Fluroquinolines g) Antifungal antibiotics; h) Antiviral agents; i) Chemotherapy of tuberculosis and leprosy; j) Chemotherapy of Malaria; k) Chemotherapy of protozoal infections (amoebiasis, Giardiasis); l) Pharmacology of Anthelmintic drugs; m) Chemotherapy of cancer (Neoplasms).	22	2, 3
4	Immunopharmacology	Pharmacology of immunosuppressants and stimulants	04	4
5	Principles of Animal toxicology	Acute, sub acute and chronic toxicity	05	5
6	The dynamic cell: The structures and functions of the components of the cell	a) Cell and macromolecules: Cellular classification, subcellular organelles; macromolecules, large macromolecular assemblies b) Chromosome structure: Pro and eukaryotic chromosome structures, chromatin structure, genome complexity, the flow of genetic information.; c) DNA replication: General, bacterial and eukaryotic DNA replication.; d) The cell cycle: Restriction point, cell cycle regulators and modifiers.; e) Cell signaling: Communication between cells and their environment, ionchannels, signal transduction pathways (MAP kinase, P38 kinase, JNK, Ras and PI3-kinase pathways, biosensors.	04	4

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Molecular Biology of the Cell by Alberts B., Bray, D., Lewis, J., Raff M., Roberts, K and Watson, JD, 3rd edition.
- 2. Molecular Cell Biology by Lodish, H., Baltimore, D., Berk, A et al., 5th edition.
- 3. Molecular Biology by Turner, PC., McLennan, AG., Bates, AD and White MRH 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 4. Genes VIII by Lewin, B., (2004)
- 5. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, by Crommelin, DJA and Sindelar RD (1997).
- 6. Recombinant DNA by Watson, JD., Gilman, M., et al., (1996)
- 7. Biopharmaceutical: Biochemistry and Biotechnology by Walsh, G., (1998)

#### e-Learning Source:

 $\frac{\text{https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1FrF4VDubM70YnXEA4PUlcUUiWlsT6eeU/edit?usp=sharing\&ouid=105314465628702210945\&rtpof=true\&sdetrue}{\text{d=true}}$ 

 $\underline{https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1FrF4VDubM70YnXEA4PUlcUUiWlsT6eeU/edit?usp=sharing\&ouid=105314465628702210945\&rtpof=true\&sdeftue$ 

 $\underline{https://docs.google.com/document/d/1zPSVy78H7HHCZGONX0LpTATZrSZJmhk8y7yyPrzkzoI/edit?usp=sharing}$ 

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1TkvAxxgqPVAfVNH0CFSYrqwJ\_vp6UD8hcoovFrwB8yo/edit?usp=sharing

https://docs.google.com/document/d/148ejj0KAWHf8zL2Sce1nV0hqfllYL68nEvBQJG9TN\_O/edit?usp=sharing

 $\frac{https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1lpshS-pi91u8JnFo\_iksilxK8hHXvFA-/edit?usp=sharing\&ouid=105314465628702210945\&rtpof=true\&sd=true\\https://docs.google.com/document/d/0B-YGqKaWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945\&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKhh6KXV8utneig&rtpof=true\&sd=true\\https://docs.google.com/document/d/0B-YGqKaWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945\&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKhh6KXV8utneig&rtpof=true&sd=true\\https://docs.google.com/document/d/0B-YGqKaWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKhh6KXV8utneig&rtpof=true&sd=true\\https://docs.google.com/document/d/0B-YGqKaWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKhh6KXV8utneig&rtpof=true&sd=true\\https://docs.google.com/document/d/0B-YGqKaWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKhh6KXV8utneig&rtpof=true&sd=true\\https://docs.google.com/document/d/0B-YGqKaWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKhh6KXV8utneig&rtpof=true&sd=true\\https://docs.google.com/document/d/0B-YGqKaWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKhh6KXV8utneig&rtpof=true&sd=true\\https://docs.google.com/document/d/0B-YGqKaWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKhh6KXV8utneig&rtpof=true&sd=true\\https://docs.google.com/document/d/0B-YGqKaWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKh6KAWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKh6KAWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKh6KAWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKh6KAWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0-m\\OoC6iZJKh6KAWOMRkNXZaZWlRLUcwTUk/edit?usp=sharing&ouid=105314465628702210945&resourcekey=0$ 

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO	101	102	103	104	103	100	107	100	10)	1010	1011	1012	1501	1502	1503	1504	1505	1500
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	3	2	3	1	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	1	-	3	ı	-	-	2	ı	ı	-
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	1	-	3	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	1	1	3	1	-	1	2	1	1	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	-	1	3	-	2	-	2	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from S	Effective from Session: 2017-2018											
Course Code	PRY303	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Analysis	L	T	P	C					
Year	III	Semester	ster ANNUAL 3									
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite		3	1	0	4					
Course Objectives	1. Understand the interaction 2. Execute the chromatograp 3. Investigate the pharmaceu	hic separation and analysi										

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Investigate the fundamentals of quality assurance.									
CO2	Apprehend the analysis of pharmaceutical substances by chromatographic techniques.									
CO3	Recognize the principle, instrumentation and applications of gas chromatography, HPLC, affinity chromatography and electrophoresis.									
CO4	Analyze the essentials of electrometric methods.									
CO5	Explore the pharmaceutical substances by absorption and emission techniques.									
CO6	Deal with the fundamentals of NMR, ESR, mass spectroscopy, polarimetry, X ray diffraction and thermal techniques.									

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Quality Assurance	Quality Assurance: a. Introduction, sources of quality variation, control of quality variation. b. Concept of statistical quality control. c. Validation methods- quality of equipment, validation of equipment and validation of analytical instruments and calibration. d. GLP, ISO 9000. e. Total quality management, quality review and documentation. f. ICH- international conference for harmonization-guidelines. g. Regulatory control.	15	1
2	Chromatography	Chromatography: Introduction, history, classification, separation techniques, choice of methods. The following techniques be discussed with relevant examples of pharmaceutical products involving principles and techniques of separation of drugs from excipients. a. Column Chromatography: Adsorption column chromatography, Operational technique, frontal analysis and elution analysis. Factors affecting column efficiency, applications and partition chromatography. b. TLC: Introduction, principle, techniques, Rf value and applications. c. PC: Introduction, principle, types of paper chromatography, preparation techniques, development techniques, applications. d. Ion-exchange chromatography: Introduction, principles, types of ion exchange synthetic resins, physical properties, factors affecting ion exchange, methodology and applications. HPLC: Introduction, theory, instrumentation, and applications. f. HPTLC: Introduction, theory, instrumentation, and applications.	15	2
3	Chromatography and Electrophoresis	g. Gas Chromatography: Introduction, theory, instrumentation-carrier gases, types of columns, stationary phases in GLC & GSC. Detectors-Flame ionization detectors, electron capture detector, thermal conductivity detector. Typical gas chromatogram, derivatisation techniques, programmed temperature gas chromatography, applications. h. Electrophoresis: Principles of separation, equipment for paper and gel electrophoresis, and application. i. Gel filtration and affinity chromatography: Introduction, technique, applications.	20	3
4	Electrometric Methods	Electrometric Methods: Theoretical aspects, instrumentation, interpretation of data/spectra and analytical applications be discussed on the following topics. a. Potentiometry: Electrical potential, electrochemical cell, reference electrodes, indicator electrodes, measurement of potential and pH, construction and working of electrodes, Potentiometric titrations, methods of detecting end point, Karl Fischer titration. b. Conductometry: Introduction, conductivity cell, conductometric titrations and applications. c. Polarography: instrumentation, DME, residual current, diffusion current and limiting current, polarographic wave,lkovic's equation, effect of oxuhgen on polarographic wave, polarographic wave, polarographic maxima and suppression and applications. d. Amperometric Titration: Introduction, types of electrodes used, refrences and indicator electrode, 20instrumentaions, titration procedure, advantages and disadvantages of Amperometry over potentiometry. Pharma applications.	15	4
5	Absorption Spectroscopy, Infrared Spectroscopy, Fluorimetric Analysis, Flame Photometry and Atomic Absorption Spectrometry	Spectroscopy: Theoretical aspects, instrumentation, elements of interpretation of data/spectra and application of analytical techniques be discussed on: a. Absorption Spectroscopy: - Theory of electronic, atomic and molecular spectra. Fundamental laws of photometry, Beer-Lambert's Law, application and its deviation, limitation of Beer law, application of the law to single and multiple component analysis, measurement of equilibrium constant and rate constant by spectroscopy. Spectra of isolated chromophores, auxochromes, batho-chromic shift, hypsochromic shift, hyperchromic and hypochromic effect, effect of solvent on absorption spectra, molecular structure and infrared spectra. Instrumentation – Photometer, U.VVisible spectrophotometer – sources of U.VVisible radiations, collimating systems, monochromators, samples cells and following detectors-Photocell, Barrier layer cell, Phototube, Diode array, applications of U.VVisible spectroscopy in pharmacy and spectrophotometric titrations Infrared Spectroscopy: Vibrational transitions, frequency – structure correlations, Infrared absorption bands, Instrumentation–IR spectro-meter – sources of IR, Collimating systems, monochromators, sample cells, sample handling in IR spectroscopy and detectors–Thermocouple, Golay Cells, Thermistor, Bolometer, Pyroelectric detector, Applications of IR in pharmacy Fluorimetric Analysis: Theory, luminescence, factors affecting fluorescence, quenching. Instrumentation, Applications, fluorescent	20	5

		indicators, study of pharmaceutically important compounds estimated by fluorimetry. b. Flame Photometry: Theory, nebulisation, flame and flame temperature, interferences, flame spectrometric techniques and instrumentation and pharmaceutical applications. c. Atomic Absorption Spectrometry: Introduction, Theory, types of electrodes, instrumentation and applications. d. Atomic Emission Spectroscopy: Spectroscopic sources, atomic emission spectrometers, photographic and photoelectric detection.		
6	NMR, ESR, Mass Spectroscopy, Polarimetry, X- Ray diffraction and Thermal	Spectroscopy (introduction only): Fragmentation, types of ions produced mass spectrum and applications g. Polarimetry (Introduction only): Introduction to optical rotatory dispersion, circular dichroism, polarimeter. h. X – Ray diffraction: (Introduction only): Theory, reciprocal lattice concept, diffraction patterns and applications. i. Thermal Analysis:	15	6
	Analysis	Introduction, instrumentation, applications, and DSC and DTA		

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Text Book of Pharm. Analysis by Higuchi. T and Hasen. E. B., New York Inter Science Publishers.
- 2. Quantitative Pharma. Analysis by Jenkins, The Blakiston division, New York.
- 3. Quantitative Drug Analysis, by Garrot. D, Chapman & Hall Ltd., London.
- 4. Undergraduate Instrumental Analysis by James. E., CBS Publishers.
- 5. Instrumental Analysis by Willard and Merritt, EWP, East West Press Ltd., Delhi/Madras.
- 6. Pharm Analysis by Skoog and West, Sounders Manipal College Publishing.
- 7. Text Book of Chemical Analysis, by A.I. Vogel, ELBS with Macmillan press, Hampshire.
- 8. Textbook of Pharm. Analysis by K.A.Connors, John Wiley & Sons, New York, Brisbane, Singapore.
- 9. Textbook of Pharm. Analysis (Practical) by Beckett & Stenlake, CBS Publishers, Delhi.
- 10. Textbook of Drug Analysis by P.D. Sethi., CBS Publishers, Delhi.
- 11. Spectroscopy by Silverstein, John & Wiley & Sons. Inc., Canada & Singapore.
- 12. How to practise GMP-A Plan for total quality control by P.P. Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra.
- 13. The Science & Practice of Pharmacy by Remington Vol-I & II, Mack Publishing Co. Pennsylvania.
- 14. TLC by Stahl, Spring Verlay.
- 15. Text Book of Pharm. Chemistry by Chatten, CBS Publications.
- 16. Spectroscopy by William Kemp, ELBS with Macmillan Press, Hampshire.
- 17. I.P.-1996, The Controller of Publications, New Delhi.
- 18. BPC- Dept. of Health, U.K. for HMSO.
- 19. USP Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA.
- 20. The Extra Pharmacopoeia The Pharm. Press, London.

#### e-Learning Source:

https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-spectroscopic-techniques-for-pharmaceutical-and-biopharmaceutical-industries-14301

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1878535213001056

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6258797/

 $\frac{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Pharmaceutical\_Analysis/Ub8wod1CJ50C?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=pharmaceutical+analysis+spectral+chromatog}{raphy\&printsec=frontcover}$ 

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Pharmaceutical\_Analysis\_E\_Book/YExgDAAAQBAJ?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=pharmaceutical+analysis+spectral+chromatography\&printsec=frontcover$ 

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	1	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
------------------------------------	--------------------



Effective from Session: 2017	7-2018							
Course Code	PRY305	Title of the Course	PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE	L	Т	P	C	
Year	III	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	-	3	
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	- Co requisite						
Course Objectives	2.Understar 3. Know the 4. Know the 5. Understa 6. Understa	e various parameter e Drug policy, DPC nd the labeling requ nd the concepts of laws as prescribed	ics; epts of the pharmaceutical legislation in Increments in the Drug and Cosmetic Act and rules; CO, Patent and design act; uirements and packaging guidelines for drug Dangerous Drugs Act, Pharmacy Act and Eby the Pharmacy Council of India from	gs and c	uties A	Act;	luding	

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Know and understand the history of pharmacy profession, scope, objective, new drug policy of pharmaceutical
	legislation. Learn principles and significance of code of pharmaceutical ethics drafted by PCI.
CO2	Know and understand the rules and regulations framed and amendments made under drugs and cosmetics act,
	1940. Know about duties and qualification of drug inspector and government analyst. Understand the retail and
	wholesale of medicines. Learn about different schedules
CO3	Know and understand the rules and regulations framed and amendments made under pharmacy act 1948. Learn
	about the registration procedure of pharmacist. Understand the functioning of central and state PCI. Understand the
	rules and regulations framed and amendments made under drug and magic remedies, Advertisements which are
	allowed and banned in India related to pharmacy.
CO4	Understand the rules and regulations framed and amendments made under drug and magic remedies, Advertisements
	which are allowed and banned in India related to pharmacy. Learn about opium cultivation. Learn about penalties of
	violating narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances act.
CO5	Know and understand the product available in essential commodities list. Know about procedure for
	calculation of retail and wholesale of drugs. Understand the act which comes under the cruelty of animals.
	Learn about different penalties and fine for violating these acts.
CO6	Know and understand the rules, regulations and process for filing a patent. Know about different types of
	patent. Understand the various aspects of patent act. Learn about different prescription and non-prescription
	products.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Pharmaceutical Legislations – A brief review.  Principle and Significance of professional ethics	Pharmaceutical Legislations – A brief review.; Principle and Significance of professional ethics. Critical study of the code of pharmaceutical ethics drafted by PCI	3	1
2	Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, and its rules 1945.	Objectives, Legal definition, Study of Schedule's with reference to Schedule B, C&C1, D, E1, F&F1, F2, F3, FF, G, H, J, K, M, N, P, R, V, W, X, Y. Sales, Import, labeling and packaging of Drugs and Cosmetics Provisions Relating to Indigenous Systems.  Constitution and Functions of DTAB, DCC, CDL.	6	2
3	Pharmacy Act -1948  Medicinal and Toilet Preparation	of State & Central Council, Registration & Procedure, ER. Objectives, Legal Definitions, Licensing, Bonded and Non Bonded Laboratory, Ware Housing, Manufacture of Ayurvedic, Homeopathic,	5	3

Act -1955			
Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1985 and Rules. Study of Salient Features of Drugs and magic remedies Act and its rules	Objectives, Legal Definitions, General Study, Constitution and Functions of narcotic & Psychotropic Consultative Committee, National Fund for Controlling the Drug Abuse, Prohibition, Control and regulations, Schedules to the Act.  Study of Salient Features of Drugs and magic remedies Act and its rules	4	4
Study of essential Commodities Act Relevant to drugs price control Order.  Prevention Of Cruelty to animals Act-1960.  DPCO	Study of essential Commodities Act Relevant to drugs price control Order. Prevention Of Cruelty to animals Act-1960. Drug Price control Order & National Drug Policy	3	5
Patents & design Act-1970 Brief study of prescription and Non-prescription Products.	Patents & design Act-1970  Brief study of prescription and Non-prescription Products.	2	6
	Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1985 and Rules. Study of Salient Features of Drugs and magic remedies Act and its rules Study of essential Commodities Act Relevant to drugs price control Order.  Prevention Of Cruelty to animals Act-1960. DPCO Patents & design Act-1970 Brief study of prescription and Non-prescription	Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1985 and Rules.  Objectives, Legal Definitions, General Study, Constitution and Functions of narcotic & Psychotropic Consultative Committee, National Fund for Controlling the Drug Abuse, Prohibition, Control and regulations, Schedules to the Act.  Study of Salient Features of Drugs and magic remedies Act and its rules  Study of essential Commodities Act Relevant to drugs price control Order.  Prevention Of Cruelty to animals Act-1960.  DPCO  Patents & design Act-1970  Brief study of prescription and Non-prescription Products.  Preducts.	Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1970  Patents & design Act-1970  Products.  Objectives, Legal Definitions, General Study, Constitution and Functions of narcotic & Psychotropic Consultative Committee, National Fund for Controlling the Drug Abuse, Prohibition, Control and regulations, Schedules to the Act.  Study of Salient Features of Drugs and magic remedies Act and its rules  Study of essential Commodities Act Relevant to drugs price control Order.  Prevention Of Cruelty to animals Act-1960. Drug Price control Order & National Drug Policy  Patents & design Act-1970  Brief study of prescription and Non-prescription Products.  Products.

### Reference Books (Theory)

a. Singh, KK, editor. Beotra's the Laws of Drugs, Medicines & cosmetics. Allahabad:

Law Book House; 1984.

- b. Jain, NK. A Textbook of forensic pharmacy. Delhi: Vallabh prakashan; 1995
- c. Reports of the Pharmaceutical enquiry Committee
- d. I.D.M.A., Mumbai. DPCO 1995
- e. Various reports of Amendments.
- f. Deshapande, S.W. The drugs and magic remedies act 1954 and rules 1955.

Mumbai: Susmit Publications; 1998.

g. Eastern Book Company. The narcotic and psychotropic substances act 1985,

Lucknow: Eastern; 1987.

### e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/363728214 Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence book

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO1	3	1	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	1	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	1	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	1	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	1	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	-	1	2	3	-	-	-



Effective from Session: 2017	Effective from Session: 2017-2018										
Course Code	PRY306	Title of the Course	MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY	L	Т	P	C				
Year	III	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4				
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite									
		cept of rational drug de	$\mathcal{E}$								
Course Objectives	2.A study of the development of the following classes of drugs including SAR, mechanism of action, synthesis of important compounds, chemical nomenclature, brand names of important marketed products and their side effects.										
	important com	pounds, chemical nom	enclature, brand names of important marketed products and	tneir s	iae eite	ects.					

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Know the types of biological targets in humans and microorganisms and the structural requirement of drugs interacting with them.								
CO2	Identify the mechanisms of antimicrobial resistance								
CO3	Explain chemical interactions of endogenous molecules with specific receptors or enzymes.								
CO4	Explain the molecular effects of their respective agonists and antagonists.								
CO5	Demonstrate the relation of chemistry of drugs with respect to their pharmacological activity								
CO6	Predict the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value from the structure of drugs.								
CO7	Know the Structural Activity Relationship of different class of drugs								
CO8	Provide information on the storage of drugs based on the chemical stability.								
CO9	Provide structure based therapeutic evaluation.								
CO10	Correlate the mechanisms of action, Structure Activity Relationship, Stereochemistry with the therapeutic actions of drugs								
CO11	Monitor and resolve adverse drug reactions through study of structures and metabolites								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Modern concept of rational drug design	A brief introduction to Quantitative Structure Activity Relationaship (QSAR), prodrug, combinatorial chemistry and computer aided drug design (CADD) and concept of antisense molecules.	4	1
2	Anti-infective agents	a) Local anti-infective agents, b) Preservatives, c) Antifungal agents, d) Urinary tract anti-infectives, e) Antitubercular agents, f) Antiviral agents and Anti AIDS agents, g) antiprotozoal agents, h) Anthelmentics, i) Antiscabies and Antipedicular agents	4	2
3	Sulphonamides and sulphones	Sulphonamides and sulphones	4	3
4	Antimalarials	Antimalarials	4	4
5	Antibiotics	Antibiotics	4	5
6	Antineoplastic agents	Antineoplastic agents	4	6
7	Cardiovascular agents	a) Antihypertensive agents, b) Antianginal agents and vasodilators, c) Antiarrhythmic agents d) Antihyperlipidemic agents, e) Coagulants and Anticoagulants, f) Endocrine	4	7
8	Hypoglycemic agents	Hypoglycemic agents	4	8
9	Thyroid and Antithyroid agents	Thyroid and Antithyroid agents	4	9
10	Diuretics	Diuretics	4	10
11	Diagnostic agents. Steroidal Hormones and Adrenocorticoids	Diagnostic agents. Steroidal Hormones and Adrenocorticoids	4	11

#### **Reference Books:**

- a. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic, Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Lippincott-Raven Publishers-New York, Philadelphia.
- b. William.O.Foye, Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- c. Burgers, Medicinal Chemistry, M.E., Welly Med. Chemistry M.E. Walffed Johnwilley and Sons, Wiley-interscience Publication, New York, Toranto.
- d. A Text Book of Medicinal Chemistry Vol. I and II by Surendra N. Pandeya, S.G. Publisher, 6, Dildayal Nagar, Varanasi -10
- e. Indian Pharmacopoeia 1985 and 1996. The Controller of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi 54.
- f. Current Index of Medical Specialities (CIMS) and MIMS India, MIMS, A.E. Morgan Publications (I) Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi-19.
- g. Organic Drug Synthesis-Ledniser Mitzsher Vol. I and II.
- h. Pharmaceutical Chemistry drug Synthesis Vol. I and II by H. J. Roth and A. Kleemann.
- i. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy Vol. 1 and 2, Remington, MACK Publishing Company, Easton, Pennsylvania.

#### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://docs.google.com/file/d/0B--XCSU9YXbRE1xT3RKNVNhMDA/edit?resourcekey=0-jo8f9fWuz-RyrcYBU6HBFw}$ 

						Co	urse A	rticula	tion M	latrix: (	Mappin	g of COs	with PO	s and PSC	Os)			
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	1	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO2	1	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO6	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO7	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO8	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO9	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO10	1	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO11	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session: 2018-2019								
Course Code	PRY-308	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Formulations	L	T	P	C	
Year	III	Semester	ANNUAL		I	3	-	
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite						
Course Objectives	2. prepare var 3.perform eva	ious pharmaceutical for luation of pharmaceutic		al situa	itions.			

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Knowledge of formulation components, manufacturing techniques, and quality control tests in the development of							
	tablet dosage forms.							
CO2	Understand the formulation design, manufacturing, quality control tests and stability concerns for capsules.							
CO3	Knowledge of formulation requirements and evaluation of monophasic and biphasic liquid dosage forms							
CO4	Know the preformulation and formulation requirements and quality control test in the production of parentral dosage							
	forms.							
CO5	Understand the principle, formulation factors, application of semisolid bases and preparation of various types of							
	semisolid dosage forms.							
CO6	Understand the concept of Controlled and Novel drug delivery systems and knowledge of technologies involved in							
	developing parenteral, transdermal buccal, rectal, nasal, implants, ocular delivery systems.							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Tablets	Formulation of different types of tablets, tablet excipients, granulation techniques quality control and evaluation of tablets. Tablet coating, Type of coating, quality control tests for coated tablet.	10	1
2	Capsules	Production and filling of hard gelatin capsules, Raw material for shell, finishing, quality control tests for capsules. Production and filling of soft gelatin capsules, quality control tests for soft gelatin capsules.	10	2
3	Liquid Orals	Formulation and evaluation of suspensions, emulsions and solutions. Stability of these preparations.	10	3
4	Parenterals	Introduction Containers used for Parenterals (including official tests) Formulation of large and small volume Parenterals Sterilization	10	4
5	Semi – Solids Dosages Forms	Introduction and classification Factors affecting absorption and anatomy of skin Packaging storage and labelling. Ointments Types of Ointment Base Preparation of ointment. Jellies, Types of jellies Formulation of jellies Suppositories, Method of preparation, Types Packaging	10	5
6	Controlled and novel Drug delivery	Definition and concept of Controlled and novel Drug delivery systems with available examples, viz. parenteral, transdermal, buccal, rectal, nasal, implants, ocular	10	6

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences
- 2. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Vol, I, II and III by Lachman
- 3. Rowlings Text book of Pharmaceutics
- 4. USP/BP/IP

### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://kupdf.net/download/cooper-and-gunn-39-s-tutorial-pharmacy-by-carter-6th-editn\_591152e1dc0d609d41959f01\_pdf}$ 

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	•	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	i	ı	-
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	i	ı	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	i	ı	-
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
					1-I	ow Co	orrelati	ion; 2-	Mode	rate Coi	relation	; 3- Subs	stantial C	orrelation	1			

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session: 2017	7-2018						
Course Code	PRY310	Title of the Course	Biopharmaceutics & pharmacoinetics	L	Т	P	C
Year	III	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2.Pharmacoki	netic parameters from the	candidate shall have the ability to calculate he given data, apply principles of pharmacokinetics in the d lity and bioequivalence studies.	esign o	of new		

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Explain basic concepts of biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.								
CO2	Calculate Pharmacokinetic parameters from the given data.								
CO3	Apply principles of pharmacokinetics in the design of new formulations.								
CO4	Conduct bioavailability and bioequivalence studies.								
CO5	Applications of pharmacokinetics parameters in pharmacy practice.								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to Biopharmaceutics	Introduction to Biopharmaceutics a. Absorption of drugs from gastrointestinal tract. b. Drug Distribution. c. Drug Elimination.	15	1
2	Pharmacokinetics	Introduction to Pharmacokinetics.  a. Mathematical model  b. Drug levels in blood.  c. Pharmacokinetic model  d. Compartment models  e. Pharmacokinetic study.	12	2
3	Compartment models	A. One compartment open model. a. Intravenous Injection (Bolus) b. Intravenous infusion. B. Multicompartment models. a. Two compartment open model. b. IV bolus, IV infusion and oral administration	15	3
4	Multiple Dosage Regimens.	a. Repititive Intravenous injections – One Compartment Open Model b. Repititive Extravascular dosing – One Compartment Open model c. Multiple Dose Regimen – Two Compartment Open Model	12	4
5	A. Nonlinear Pharmacokinetics.  B. Bioavailability and Bioequivalence	A. Introduction to Nonlinear pharmacokinetics a. Introduction b. Factors causing Non-linearity. c. Michaelis-menton method of estimating parameters. B. Noncompartmental Pharmacokinetics. a. Statistical Moment Theory. b. MRT for various compartment models. c. Physiological Pharmacokinetic model.  B. a. Introduction to bioavailability. b. Bioavailability study protocol. c. Methods of Assessment of Bioavailability	18	5

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by, Milo Gibaldi.
- 2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics; By Robert F Notari
- 3. Applied biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, Leon Shargel and Andrew
- B.C.YU 4th edition, Prentice-Hall Inernational edition. USA
- 4. Bio pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics-A Treatise, By D. M. Brahmankar and

Sunil B.Jaiswal, Vallabh Prakashan Pitampura, Delhi

- 5. Pharmacokinetics: By Milo Glbaldi Donald, R. Mercel Dekker Inc.
- 6. Hand Book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics, By Milo Gibaldi and Laurie Prescott by

#### e-Learning Source:

https://toaz.info/doc-view

		_

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO	2	0		0	2	2	1	2	1	2	2		0	0	1			
CO 1	3	0	0	0	3	3	1	2	1	2	2	-	0	0	1	-	-	-
CO	1	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	-	0	1	0	-	-	-
CO 3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	-	0	2	1	-	-	-
CO 4	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	-	0	3	3	-	-	-
CO 5	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	-	0	2	1	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator Sign & Seal of HoD
---



Effective from Session: 2017-2018										
Course Code	PRY-302	Title of the Course	PHARMACOLOGY -II	L	T	P	C			
Year	III	Semester	ANNUAL	0	0	3	-			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB	Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	2. To unders	and the concepts of Bi	atory animals,their handling,and experimental pharmac oassays using different animal methods (simulation). es of drugs acting on CNS, CVS etc. on different animal i	·	•					

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Conceptual knowledge of experimental pharmacology basics							
CO2	To understand concept of bioassay of drugs on isolated tissue preparation.							
CO3	Precise knowledge about commonly used instruments in pharmacological laboratory.							
CO4	To know about animals experiments and interpretation of given drugs (in vivo studies ).							
CO5	Explain the pharmacological aspects of drugs on isolated heart of animals.(in vitro studies).							

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Laboratory animals and handling	Study of laboratory animals and their handling (a. Frogs, b. Mice, c. Rats, d. Guinea ,pigs, e. Rabbits).	3	1
2	Laboratory solutions	Study of physiological salt solutions used in experimental pharmacology	3	2
3	Basic instruments	Study of laboratory appliances used in experimental pharmacology.	3	4
4	Anesthetic drugs.	Study of use of anesthetics in laboratory animals.	3	1
5	Dose response curve of Ach	To record the dose response curve of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation.	3	2
6	Bioassay of Ach (Interpolation)	To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle. preparation by interpolation method.	3	2
7	Bioassay of Ach (3-point method)	To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation by three point method.	3	2
8	Dose response curve of Histamine	To record the dose response curve of Histamine using isolated guinea-pig lleum preparation.	3	2
9	Effects of agonist,antagonist	Study of agonistic and antagonistic effects of drugs using isolated guinea-pig ileum preparation.	3	2
10	Bioassay(Interpolati on)	To carry out bioassay of Histamine using isolated guinea-pig ileum interpolation method.	3	2
11	Bioassay(3-point)	. To carry out bioassay of Histamine using guinea pig ileum preparation by three point method	3	2
12	Routes of administration	study the routes of administration of drugs in animals (Rats, Mice, Rabbit).	3	1
13	Analgesic activity interpretation	Analgesic property of drug using analgesiometer.	3	4
14	Antiinflammatory activity interpretation	Antiinflammatory effect of drugs using rat paw edema method.	3	4
15	Anticonvulsant activity interpretation	Anticonvulsant activity of drugs using maximal electroshock and pentylene tetrazole.	3	4



integral oniversity, Europaiov									
16	Antidepressant activity interpretation	Antidepressant activity of drugs using pole climbing apparatus and pentobarbitone induced sleeping time methods	3	4					
17	Locomotor activity interpretation	Locomotor activity evaluation of drugs using actoploto neter and rotorod.	3	4					
18	Cardiotonic activity interpretation	Cardiotonic activity of drugs using isolated frog heart and marnmalian heart preparations.	3	5					
e-Learning Source:									
https://	https://pharmacvfunblog.files.wordpress.com/2016/11/kd-tripathi-essentials-of-medical-pharmacologyunitedvrg-2013.pdf								

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO11	PO1 2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	_	_	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1	3	_		_

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from S	Effective from Session: 2017-18									
<b>Course Code</b>	PRY304	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Analysis	L	T	P	C			
Year	III	Semester	ANNUAL			2				
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	PCM/PCB) Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	Understand the interaction     Execute the chromatograp     Investigate the pharmaceu	hic separation and analysi								

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Investigate the fundamentals of quality assurance.							
CO2	Apprehend the analysis of pharmaceutical substances by chromatographic techniques.							
CO3	Recognize the principle, instrumentation and applications of gas chromatography, HPLC, affinity chromatography and electrophoresis.							
CO4	Analyze the essentials of electrometric methods.							
CO5	Explore the pharmaceutical substances by absorption and emission techniques.							
CO6	Deal with the fundamentals of NMR, ESR, mass spectroscopy, polarimetry, X ray diffraction and thermal techniques.							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Quality Assurance	To study the effect of solvent on the UV-spectra of the given compound.	03	1
2	Chromatography	<ol> <li>To separate and identify sulpha drug by using TLC technique.</li> <li>To separate and identify sulpha drug by using precoated TLC technique</li> <li>To separate and identify amino acid by paper chromatography.</li> <li>Isolate plant pigment by column chromatography.</li> <li>To perform the High Performance Liquid Chromatography of the given sample</li> </ol>	03	2
3	Chromatography and Electrophoresis	To estimate the given concentration of quinine sulphate sample by fluorimetry.	03	3
4	Electrometric Methods	<ul><li>1 To Estimate the dextrose by calorimetry</li><li>2 To estimate the concentration of salicylic acid solution by calorimetry</li><li>3 To perform conductometric titration of mixture of acid with a strong base</li></ul>	03	4
5	Absorption Spectroscopy, Infrared Spectroscopy, Fluorimetric Analysis, Flame Photometry and Atomic Absorption Spectrometry	1 To study the PH on the UV Spectrum of given compound. 2 Comparison of UV Spectrum of a given compound with that of its derivative 3 To study the effect of solvent on the UV-spectra of the given compound 4 Determination of dissociation constant of indication using UV –visible spectroscopy 5 Determination of pKa using pH meter. 6 Estimation of drugs by Fluorimetric technique.	03	5
6	NMR, ESR, Mass Spectroscopy, Polarimetry, X- Ray diffraction and Thermal Analysis	1 Online demonstration of DSC and determination of the purity of olive oil using DSC Spectra 2 To interpret NMR spectra. 3 Determination of Na/K by Flame Photometry. 4 Determination of specific rotation. 5	03	6

## Reference Books:

- 1. Text Book of Pharm. Analysis by Higuchi. T and Hasen. E. B., New York Inter Science Publishers.
- 2. Quantitative Pharma. Analysis by Jenkins, The Blakiston division, New York.
- 3. Quantitative Drug Analysis, by Garrot. D, Chapman & Hall Ltd., London.
- 4. Undergraduate Instrumental Analysis by James. E., CBS Publishers.
- 5. Instrumental Analysis by Willard and Merritt, EWP, East West Press Ltd., Delhi/Madras.
- 6. Pharm Analysis by Skoog and West, Sounders Manipal College Publishing.
- 7. Text Book of Chemical Analysis, by A.I.Vogel, ELBS with Macmillan press, Hampshire.
- 8. Textbook of Pharm. Analysis by K.A.Connors, John Wiley & Sons, New York, Brisbane, Singapore.
- 9. Textbook of Pharm. Analysis (Practical) by Beckett & Stenlake, CBS Publishers, Delhi.
- 10. Textbook of Drug Analysis by P.D. Sethi., CBS Publishers, Delhi.

- 11. Spectroscopy by Silverstein, John & Wiley & Sons. Inc., Canada & Singapore. 12. How to practise GMP-A Plan for total quality control by P.P. Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra. 13. The Science & Practice of Pharmacy by Remington Vol-I & II, Mack Publishing Co. Pennsylvania.

  - 14. TLC by Stahl, Spring Verlay.
  - 15. Text Book of Pharm. Chemistry by Chatten, CBS Publications.
  - 16. Spectroscopy by William Kemp, ELBS with Macmillan Press, Hampshire.
  - 17. I.P.-1996, The Controller of Publications, New Delhi.
  - 18. BPC- Dept. of Health, U.K. for HMSO.
  - 19. USP Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA.
  - 20. The Extra Pharmacopoeia The Pharm. Press, London.

#### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.chemcome.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/Principles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-F.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-B.-James-particles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-Analysi-$ Holler-Stanley-R.-Crouch-z-lib.org .pdf

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	ı	2	3	3	-	ı	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	ı	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	1	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session: 2017 - 18											
Course Code	PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATIONS	L	T	P	C						
Year	III	ANNUAL	0	0	3	0					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite									
Course Objectives	<ul><li>2. Prepare v</li><li>3. Perform c</li></ul>	arious pharmaceutical evaluation of pharmace		nical s	situation	ıs.					

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Knowledge of formulation and evaluation of tablet dosages forms.
CO2	Understand the formulation design, manufacturing of capsules.
CO3	Knowlede of formulation requirements and evaluation of monophasic and biphasic liquid dosages forms.
CO4	Know the preformulation and formulation requirements and quality control test in the production of parenteral
	dosages forms.
CO5	formulation and manufacturing of semisolid dosages forms

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Tablet	To prepare and evaluate paracetamol granules by wet granulation method.	3	1
2	Tablet	To prepare and evaluatetablet direct compression method.	3	1
3	Tablet	To prepare effervescent tablet of aspirin by dry granulation method.	3	1
4	Capsule	To perform the filling and evaluation of hard gelatin capsule	3	2
5	Parenterals	To prepare and submit EDTA injection.	3	4
6	Parenterals	To prepare, evaluate and submit 10 ml of Ascorbic acid injection.	3	4
7	Parenterals	To prepare, evaluate and submit 10ml of calcium gluconate injection.	3	4
8	Parenterals	To prepare and submit 100 ml of Dextrose sodium chloride infusion.	3	4
9	Parenterals	To prepare and submit 100 ml of Sodium Chloride Infusion.	3	4
10	Cosmetic	To prepare and submit 10 gm Tooth Powder	3	5
11	Cosmetic	. To prepare and submit 10 gm Tooth Paste	3	5
12	Cosmetic	To prepare and submit 10 gm Cold Cream	3	5
13	Cosmetic	To prepare and submit 10 gm Vanishing Cream	3	5
14	Cosmetic	To prepare and submit High Class Lipstick	3	5
15	Cosmetic	To prepare and submit 25ml of Anti-dandruff Shampoo.	3	5
16	Liquid orals	To prepare, evaluate and submit 10 ml Paracetamol Suspension	3	3
17	Liquid orals	To prepare, evaluate and submit 10 ml Magnesium Sulphate Oral Suspension	3	3
18	Semi Solid Dosage Form	To prepare and submit 10gm of salsilic acid ointment.	3	5
19	Semi Solid Dosage Form	To prepareand submit 10 gm of Benzoic acid ointment	3	5
20	Semi Solid Dosage Form	To prepare and submit 10 gm of Diclofenac gel	3	5
21	Tablet	To perform the film coating of tablets/granules	3	1
e-Lear	ning Source:			
		olication/345750636 Handbook of Pharmaceutical Technology		



	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	PO11	PO1	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO										U								
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Soul of HoD
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session: 2017	Effective from Session: 2017-2018												
Course Code	PRY311	Title of the Course	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	L	Т	P	C						
Year	ANNUAL	0	0	3	0								
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite											
Course Objectives	given data,	,	candidate shall have the ability to calculate Pharmacokineties in the design of new formulations and conduct bioavailab	•									

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Explain basic concepts of bio pharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics									
CO2	Calculate Pharmacokinetic parameters from the given data.									
CO3	Apply principles of pharmacokinetics in the design of new formulations.									
CO4	Conduct bioavailability and bioequivalence studies.									
CO5	Applications of pharmacokinetics parameters in pharmacy practice.									

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to dissolution apparatus	Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drugs by some methods.	3	1
2	Introduction to buffers	Comparison of dissolution studies of two different marketed products of same Drug.	3	1
3	Preparation of standard curve	Influence of polymorphism on solubility and dissolution.	3	5
4	Drug release study	Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug and poorly protein bound Drug.	3	4
5	Drug release study	Extent of plasma-protein binding studies on the same drug (i.e. highly and poorly protein bound drug) at different concentrations in respect of constant time.	3	4
6	Drug release study	Bioavailability studies of some commonly used drugs on animal/human model.	3	4
7	Calculation of Pharmacokinetics Parameters.	Calculation of Ka, Ke, t1/2, Cmax, AUC, AUMC, MRT etc. from blood profile data.	3	2
8	Calculation of Pharmacokinetics Parameters.	Calculation of bioavailability from urinary excretion data for two drugs.	3	2
9	Calculation of Pharmacokinetics Parameters.	Calculation of AUC and bioequivalence from the given data for two drugs.	3	2
10	Drug absorbtion study.	In vitro absorption studies.	3	4
11	Bio equivalency study.	Bio equivalency studies on the different drugs marketed.(eg) Tetracycline, Sulphamethoxzole, Trimethoprim, Aspirin etc., on animals and human volunteers.	3	4
12	absorbtion study.	Absorption studies in animal inverted intestine using various drugs.	3	4
13	Calculation of Pharmacokinetics Parameters.	Effect on contact time on the plasma protein binding of drugs.	3	4
14	Calculation of Pharmacokinetics Parameters.	Studying metabolic pathways for different drugs based on elimination kinetics data.	3	2
15	Calculation of Pharmacokinetics Parameters.	Calculation of elimination half-life for different drugs by using urinary elimination Data and blood level data.	3	2
16	Calculation of Pharmacokinetics Parameters.	Determination of renal clearance.	3	2

e-Learning Source:3

 $\underline{https://www.slideshare.net/grakbph040/biopharmaceutics-and-pharmacokinetics-practical-manual}$ 



										,								
PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	2	-		-
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	2	-		-
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	2	-		-

Name & Sign of Progra	m Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD	



<b>Effective from Session: 2018</b>	3-19										
Course Code	PRY401	Title of the Course	PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - I	L	Т	P	C				
Year	IV	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	-	-				
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite	Co-requisite Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	b. the therapeutic approa c. the controversies in dr d. the importance of prep e. needs to identify the alternatives, time-course f. describe the pathophys g. summaries the therapevidence; h. discuss the controvers i. discuss the preparation j. identify the patient-	ch to management of ug therapy; paration of individual patient-specific param of clinical and laboratiology of selected dispetitic approach to a ties in drug therapy; of individualized the specific parameters	tes and the rationale for drug therapy; these diseases; ized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; neters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitatory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects states and explain the rationale for drug therapeutic response including reference the rapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects.	fects); by; se to t	he lates	st availa	able				

	Course Outcomes Course Outcomes									
CO1	To understand Pharmacotherapeutics & students may also impart knowledge and skills for contribution to quality & use of medicines.									
CO2	Students will be developing Patient case based assessment skills.									
CO3	Students will be able to describe the quality use of medicines issues surrounding the therapeutic agents in the treatment of these diseases.									
CO4	Students will have developed clinical skills in the therapeutic management of these conditions.									
	Continue to develop skills to provide patient -centered care to diverse patients using the evidence based medicine and also identify the									
CO5	patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and									
	laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).									

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Cardiovascular system	Hypertension, Congestive cardiac failure, Angina Pectoris, Myocardial infarction, Hyperlipidemias, Electrophysiology of heart and Arrhythmias.	24	1, 3, 4
2	Respiratory system	Introduction to Pulmonary function test, Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways disease, Drug induced pulmonary diseases.	24	1, 3, 4
3	Endocrine system	Diabetes, Thyroid diseases, Oral Contraceptives, Hormones replacement therapy Osteoporosis.	24	1, 3, 4
4	General prescribing guidelines for	(a) Pediatric patients, (b) Geriatric patients, (c) Pregnancy and breast-feeding.	16	2, 5
5	Ophthalmology	Glaucoma, Conjunctivitis – viral & bacteria.	12	1, 3, 4
6	Introduction to Definition, Role of pharmacist, Essential drug concept, Rational drug concept, Rational drug formulations.		20	2

### Reference Books:

- a. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication.
- b. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication.
- c. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication.
- d. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA
- e. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited.
- f. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

#### e-Learning Source:

https://www.physio-pedia.com/Category:Pharmacology\_for\_Cardiovascular\_Disease

 $https://www.iptsalipur.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/08/BP503T\_PCOL\_UNIT-IV.pdf$ 

 $https://ksumsc.com/download\_center/Archive/4th/435/435\%20 TeamWork/Ophthalmology/F1/5.\%20 Ocular\%20 Pharmacology\%20\%26\%20 Toxicology.pdf$ 

https://www.studocu.com/row/document/kenya-medical-training-college/community-health-nursing/essential-drugs-pch-lecture-notes-7/15475071

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO 8	PO	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PS O6
CO	1	2	3	4	3	6	/	٥	9	0	1		1		)	4	3	06
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	-

Seal of HoD
&

Effective from Sessi	on: 2018-2019						
Course Code	PRY403	Title of the Course	Pharmacotherapeutics-II	L	T	P	C
Year	IV	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm For Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	medicines. Chapters dea	alt cover briefly patho	lge and skills necessary for contributi physiology and mostly therapeutics of and the pathophysiology of common	f vari	ous d	isease	s.

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Students analyze the Pharmacotherapy of infectious disease states and explain the rationale for drug therapy and
	management/controversies.
CO2	Students understand the Pharmacotherapy of musculoskeletal disease and explain the rationale for drug therapy
	and management/controversies.
CO3	Students able to know the Pharmacotherapy of renal disease and explain the rationale for drug therapy and
	management/controversies.
CO4	Students have ability to explore the Pharmacotherapy of cancer and explain the rationale for drug therapy and
	management/controversies.
CO5	Students have ability to effectively communicate the Pharmacotherapy of skin disease and explain the rationale
	for drug therapy and management/controversies.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Infectious disease	Guidelines for the rational use of antibiotics and surgical Prophylaxis, Tuberculosis, Meningtis, Respiratory tract infections, Gastroenteristis, Endocarditis, Septicemia, Urinary tract infections, Protozoal infection – Malaria, HIV, & Opprtunistic infections, Fungal infections, Viral infections, Gonarrhaea and Syphillis.	3	1
2	Musculoloskeletal disorders	Rheumatoid arthritis, Oeteoarthritis, Gout, Spondylitis, Systemic lupus erythematosus.	3	2
3	Renal system	Acute Renal Failure, Chronic Renal Failure, Renal Dialysis, Drug induced renal disorders.	3	3
4	Oncology	Basic principles of Cancer therapy, Genral introduction to cancer chemotherapeutic agents, Chemotherapy of breast cancer, leukemia. Management of chemotheraphy nausea and emesis.	3	4
5	Dermatology	Psoriasis, Scabies, Eczema, Impetigo.	3	5

## Reference Books:

## Text books (Theory)

Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication

## **Reference books (Theory)**

- a. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange
- b. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- c. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA]

### e-Learning Source:

https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Pharmacology\_and\_Pharmacotherapeutics/FR4OEAAAQBAJ?hl=en&gbpv=1&dq=PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS&printsec=frontcover

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO																		
-PS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6

CO																		
CO 1	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	1	3	-	-	1
CO 2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	1	3	-	-	1
CO 3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	1	3	-	-	1
CO 4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	1	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



<b>Effective from Session:</b>	2018-2019										
Course Code	PRY405	Title of the Course	Hospital Pharmacy	L	Т	P	C				
Year	IV	Semester	ANNUAL	2	1	4	4				
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite									
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>2.To develop the skill promotive health care</li> <li>3.To impart applied k presentation at discha</li> <li>4.To develop a trained the health and family</li> <li>5. To promote health,</li> <li>6. To understand the</li> </ul>	s in monitoring of the services to the com- nowledge related to rge are imbibed throad clinical pharmacists welfare services in the wellness and diseased clinical aspects of	clinical discussions, attending ward rounds, follow-up progrough hospital postings.  who functions effectively as a member of a health care team the existing socio-economic environment.  e prevention by developing the rational use of drugs.  drug development, such as phases, ethical issues, and role	ress of m orga	patient patient nized to	ive and s, case o deliver					
	<b>6.</b> To understand the clinical aspects of drug development, such as phases, ethical issues, and roles and responsibilities of clinical trial personnel, design of clinical study documents, data management and safety monitoring in clinical trials.										

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Know various drug distribution methods
CO2	Know the professional practice management skills in hospital pharmacies
CO3	Provide unbiased drug information to the doctors
CO4	Know the manufacturing practices of various formulations in hospital set up
CO5	Appreciate the stores management and inventory control including practice based research methods
CO6	To promote health, wellness and disease prevention by developing the rationale use of drugs.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Cont act Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Hospital	Its Organization and functions. Hospital pharmacy-Organization and management. Organizational structure-Staff, Infrastructure & workload statistics. Management of materials and finance, Roles & responsibilities of hospital pharmacist	2	1
2	The Budget	Preparation and implementation Hospital drug policy Pharmacy and Therapeutic committee (PTC) b) Hospital formulary c) Hospital committees Infection committee Research and ethical committee d) Developing therapeutic guidelines e) Hospital pharmacy communication - Newsletter	2	2
3	Hospital pharmacy services	a) Procurement & warehousing of drugs and Pharmaceuticals b) Inventory control Definition, various methods of Inventory Control ABC, VED, EOQ, Lead time, safety stock c) Drug distribution in the hospital i) Individual prescription method ii) Floor stock method iii) Unit dose drug distribution method d) Distribution of Narcotic and other controlled substances e) Central sterile supply services – Role of pharmacist	2	3
4	Manufacture of Pharmaceutical preparations	a) Sterile formulations – large and small volume parenterals b) Manufacture of Ointments, Liquids, and creams c) Manufacturing of Tablets, granules, capsules, and powders d) Total parenteral nutrition	2	4
5	Continuing professional development programs	Education and training Radio Pharmaceuticals – Handling and packaging	2	5
6	Practice in Hospital	Professional Relations and practices of hospital pharmacist.	2	6
Referen	ce Books:			
WHO co	onsultative group report.			

R.P.S. Vol.2. Part –B; Pharmacy Practice section.

Handbook of pharmacy – Health care. Edt. Robin J Harman. The Pharmaceutical press.
e-Learning Source:
$https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Hospital\_Pharmacy/kdAMf8f8RPwC?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=hospital+pharmacy+pharm+d\&printsec=front-pharm-day-pharm+d&printsec=front-pharmacy+pharm+d&printsec=front-pharmacy+pharm+d&printsec=front-pharmacy+pharm+d&printsec=front-pharmacy+pharm+d&printsec=front-pharmacy+pharm+d&printsec=front-pharmacy+pharm+d&printsec=front-pharm-day-pharm+d&printsec=front-pharm-day-pharm+d&printsec=front-pharm-day-pharm+d&printsec=front-pharm-day-pha$
<u>cover</u>

					Co	urse A	rticula	tion M	atrix: (	Mappin	g of CO	s with P	Os and	PSOs)				
PO- PSO CO	PO 1	PO2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	3	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	3	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	3	2	-	-	-
CO6	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	2	1	1	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session: 2018	3-2019						
Course Code	PRY407	Title of the Course	Clinical Pharmacy	L	Т	P	C
Year	IV	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	-	4
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	1.monitor drug 2. obtain medi 3. identify and 4. detect, asses 5. interpret sel	g therapy of patient thro cation history interview resolve drug related properties and monitor adverse ected laboratory results		isease :	states;	and	

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Monitor drug therapy of patient through medication chart review and clinical review;								
CO2	Obtain medication history interview and counsel the patients.								
CO3	Identify and resolve drug related problems, Retrieve, analyze, interpret and formulate drug or medicine information								
CO4	Detect, assess and monitor adverse drug reaction.								
CO5	Interpret selected laboratory results (as monitoring parameters in therapeutics) of specific disease states								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Definitions, development and scope of clinical pharmacy  Introduction to daily activities of a clinical pharmacist	cefinitions, evelopment and ope of clinical and ope of clinical pharmacist  Definitions, development and scope of clinical pharmacy, Introduction to daily activities of a inical pharmacist  The patient's case history, its structure and use in evaluation of drug therapy & Understanding common medical abbreviations and terminologies used in clinical laboratory sts used in the aluation of the scase states, and terpretation of st results  Tests associated with cardiac disorders c. Fluid and electrolyte balance d. Microbiological culture sensitivity tests e. Pulmonary Function Tests  a. Introduction to drug information resources available b. Systematic approach in answering DI queries c. Cricial evaluation of drug information and literature d. Preparation of written and verbal reports e. Establishing a Drug Information and literature d. Preparation of written and verbal reports e. Establishing a Drug Information and information resources a. Scope, definition and aims of pharmacovigilance b. Adverse drug reactions - Classification, mechanism, predisposing factors, causality assessment [different scales used] c. Reporting, evaluation, monitoring, preventing & management of ADRs d. Role of pharmacist in management of ADR.  Communication story interview, resentation of faces.		
2	Clinical laboratory tests used in the evaluation of disease states, and	& Understanding common medical abbreviations and terminologies used in clinical practices.  Patient data analysis, Clinical laboratory tests used in the evaluation of disease states, and interpretation of test results  a. Haematological, Liver function, Renal function, thyroid function tests b. Tests associated with cardiac disorders c. Fluid and electrolyte balance d. Microbiological culture sensitivity tests	3	5
3	Drug & Poison information	a. Introduction to drug information resources available b. Systematic approach in answering DI queries c. Critical evaluation of drug information and literature d. Preparation of written and verbal reports e. Establishing a Drug Information Centre	3	3
4	Pharmacovigilance	a. Scope, definition and aims of pharmacovigilance b. Adverse drug reactions - Classification, mechanism, predisposing factors, causality assessment [different scales used] c. Reporting, evaluation, monitoring, preventing & management of ADRs	3	4
5	patient counselling techniques, medication history interview,		3	5
6	Pharmaceutical care concepts	Pharmaceutical care concepts, Critical evaluation of biomedical literature, Medication errors	3	5

Critical evaluation of biomedical literature		
Medication errors		

#### Reference Books(Theory)

Practice Standards and Definitions - The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.

Basic skills in interpreting laboratory data - Scott LT, American Society of Health System Pharmacists Inc.

Biopharmaceutics and Applied Pharmacokinetics - Leon Shargel, Prentice Hall publication.

A textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice; Essential concepts and skills, Dr.G.Parthasarathi, Karin Nyfort-Hansen and Milap Nahata Orient Langman Pvt.Ltd. ISSBN8125026

Australian drug information -Procedure manual. The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.

Clinical Pharmacokinetics - Rowland and Tozer, Williams and Wilkins Publication.

Pharmaceutical Statistics. Practical and clinical applications. Sanford Bolton, Marcel Dekker, Inc.

#### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Clinical\_Pharmacy\_Education\_Practice\_and/9Jp7DwAAQBAJ?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=CLINICAL+pharmacy+ph\_arm+d\&printsec=frontcover$ 

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PO	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO 3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	ı	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO 5	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator Sign & Seal of HoD
---



Effective from Session	<b>n:</b> 2018-2019						
Course Code	PRY409	Title of the Course	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	L	Т	P	С
Year	IV	Semester	ANNUAL	2	1	0	3
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2.To develop the sk promotive health ca 3.To impart applied presentation at disc 4.To develop a trair health and family w 5. To promote heal 6. To understand the	ills in monitoring of the are services to the common knowledge related to clinarge are imbibed throughed clinical pharmacist welfare services in existing th, wellness and disease the clinical aspects of drug	nical discussions, attending ward rounds, follow-up progres	ide pre s of pa ganize respon	eventive ntients, d to del	case	;

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Know the various statistical methods to solve different types of problems
CO2	To solve the research problems systematically and scientifically
CO3	Appreciate the importance of Computer in hospital and Community Pharmacy
CO4	Appreciate the statistical technique in solving the pharmaceutical problems
CO5	Develop the ability to apply the methods while working on a research project work
CO6	Operate various statistical software packages

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Research Methodology	a) Types of clinical study designs:  Case studies, observational studies, interventional studies, b) Designing the methodology c) Sample size determination and Power of a study  Determination of sample size for simple comparative experiments, determination of sample size to obtain a confidence interval of specified width, power of a study d) Report writing and presentation of data	2	1
2	Research Methodology	a) Types of clinical study designs:  Case studies, observational studies, interventional studies,  b) Designing the methodology  c) Sample size determination and Power of a study  Determination of sample size for simple comparative experiments, determination of sample size to obtain a confidence interval of specified width, power of a study	2	2

		d) Report writing and presentation of data		
3	Basics of testing hypothesis	a) Null hypothesis, level of significance, power of test, P value, statistical estimation of confidence intervals.  b) Level of significance (Parametric data)- students t test (paired and unpaired), chi Square test, Analysis of Variance (one-way and two-way)  c) Level of significance (Non-parametric data)- Sign test, Wilcoxan's signed rank test, Wilcoxan rank sum test, Mann Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wallis test (one way ANOVA)  d) Linear regression and correlation- Introduction, Pearsonn's and Spearmann's correlation and correlation co-efficient.  e) Introduction to statistical software: SPSS, Epi Info, SAS.	2	3
4	Unit-IV	Statistical methods in epidemiology  Incidence and prevalence, relative risk, attributable risk	2	4
5	Computer System in Hospital Pharmacy	Patterns of Computer use in Hospital Pharmacy –  Patient record database management, Medication order entry – Drug labels and list – Intravenous solution and admixture, patient medication profiles, Inventory control, Management report & Description Computer in Community Pharmacy  Computer in Community Pharmacy  Computerizing the Prescription Dispensing process  Use of Computers for Pharmaceutical Care in community pharmacy  Accounting and General ledger system	2	5
6	Drug Information Retrieval & Storage:	Introduction – Advantages of Computerized Literature Retrieval Use of Computerized Retrieval	2	6
6 Reference E	Retrieval & Storage:		2	6

Pharmaceutical statistics- practical and clinical applications, Sanford Bolton 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, publisher Marcel Dekker Inc. NewYork.

Drug Information- A Guide for Pharmacists, Patrick M Malone, Karen L Kier, John E Stanovich , 3rd edition, McGraw Hill Publications 2006.

e-Learning Source:

I			Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
	PO-P SO	P O	PO	PO 3	PO	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO	PO1 0	PO1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
	CO	1		3	7	3	U	,	G		U	1							
	CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO6	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session	n: 2018-2019						
Course Code	PRY410	Title of the Course	Clinical Toxicology	L	Т	P	C
Year	IV	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	Developing general v	working knowledge of t	the principles and practice of clinical toxicology				

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Developing general working knowledge of the principles and practice of clinical toxicology.
CO2	Demonstrating an understanding of the health implications of toxic exposures and commonly involved chemicals for toxicity.
CO3	Demonstrating and applying an understanding of general toxicology principles and clinical management practice.
CO4	Demonstrating and applying an understanding of the history, assessment, and therapy considerations associated with the management of a
	toxic exposure.
CO5	Demonstrating and applying an understanding of the characteristics of and treatment guidelines for specific toxic substances.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	General principles involved in the management of poisoning	General principles involved in the management of poisoning Antidotes and the clinical applications. Supportive care in clinical Toxicology	20	1,2
2	General principles involved in the management of poisoning	Gut Decontamination. Elimination Enhancement. Toxicokinetics.	23	2,3
3	Clinical symptoms and management of acute poisoning	Pesticide poisoning: organophosphorous compounds, carbamates, organochlorines, pyrethroids. Opiates overdose. Antidepressants Barbiturates and benzodiazepines. Alcohol: ethanol, methanol. Paracetamol and salicylates Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. Hydrocarbons: Petroleum products and PEG. Caustics: inorganic acids and alkali. Radiation poisoning	28	2,3
4	Clinical symptoms and management of chronic poisoning	Clinical symptoms and management of chronic poisoning with the following agents - Heavy metals: Arsenic, lead, mercury, iron, copper Venomous snake bites: Families of venomous snakes, clinical effects of venoms, general management as first aid, early manifestations, complications and snake bite injuries.	26	3,4
5	Plants poisoning	Plants poisoning. Mushrooms, Mycotoxins. Food poisonings Envenomations – Arthropod bites and stings.	27	2,3
6	Substance abuse	Signs and symptoms of substance abuse and treatment of dependence CNS stimulants :amphetamine Opioids CNS depressants Hallucinogens: LSD Cannabis group Tobacco	20	2,5

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Matthew J Ellenhorn. ELLENHORNS MEDICAL TOXICOLOGY DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT OF POISONING. Second edition. Williams and Willkins publication, London
- 2. V V Pillay. HANDBOOK OF FORENSIC MEDICINE AND TOXICOLOGY. Thirteenth edition 2003 Paras Publication, Hyderabad

#### e-Learning Source:

http://www.prip.edu.in/img/ebooks/VV-Pillay-Modern-Medical-Toxicology-4th-Edition.pdf

http://pustaka.unp.ac.id/file/abstrak\_kki/EBOOKS/A%20textbook%20of%20Modern%20Toxicology.pdf

						C	ourse A	Articul	lation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PC	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
1	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO 5	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	-	2	2	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session: 2018	3-2019						
Course Code	PRY402	Title of the Course	Pharmacotherapeutics-1(Practical)	L	T	P	C
Year	2022	Semester	Annual	0	0	3	3
Pre-Requisite	B. Pharm for Pharm D	Co-requisite	NA				
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>The therap</li> <li>The control</li> <li>The import</li> <li>Needs to monitoring therapeutic</li> <li>Describes therapy;</li> <li>Summarize the latest a</li> <li>Discusses</li> <li>Discusses</li> <li>Identifies t</li> <li>Monitoring</li> </ol>	eutic approach to me versies in drug ther tance of preparation identify the patient therapy (including therapy (including tresponse and advertise pathophysiologies the therapeutic available evidence; the controversies in the preparation of in the patient-specific patients.	of individualised therapeutic plans based of int-specific parameters relevant in initiating alternatives, time-course of clinical and rise effects); by of selected disease states and explain approach to management of these diseases drug therapy; individualised therapeutic plans based on diaparameters relevant in initiating drug therapt grant alternatives, time-course of clinical and	n diag ng dru labor the rai includ gnosis y, and	gnosis; ag the atory tionald ing re	erapy, indico e for feren	es of drug ce to

	Course Outcomes
CO1	To understand Pharmacotherapeutics & students may also impart knowledge and skills for contribution to quality & use of medicines
CO2	To apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and therapeutics of various diseases. And understood the common diseases and their management.
CO3	To understand the pathophysiology of selected disease, rationale for drug therapy, and therapeutic approach to management of these diseases
CO4	To understand the controversies in drug therapy and individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis
CO5	To analyze the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Hospital Postings	Hospital postings in various departments designed to complement the lectures by providing practical clinical discussion;  A minimum of 20 cases should be presented and recorded covering most common diseases.)	17	5
2	Case Presentation	Students are required to maintain a record of cases presented and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation	17	1
3	Ward Round	attending ward rounds; follow up the progress and changes made in drug therapy in allotted patients; case presentation upon discharge.	17	3
Referen	ce Books (Practical)			
a. Cli	nical Pharmacy and	Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication.		

b. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach - Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange c. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA

	e-Learning Source:
	https://www.studocu.com/row/document/kenya-medical-training-college/community-health-nursing/essential-drugs-pch-lecture-notes-7/15475071
Ī	

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PC	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO																		
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	i	1	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	i	ı	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	i	1	-
CO5	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
	Sign & Seal of HoD
	Ü



<b>Effective from S</b>	Session:2018-2019						
<b>Course Code</b>	PRY-404	Title of the Course	Pharmacotherapeutics-II P	L	Т	P	С
Year	IV						
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm For Pharm D (PB) Co-requisite						1.5
Course Objectives	<ul><li>3. Appreciate the coor</li><li>4. Explain the gross m</li><li>5. Identifythe various</li></ul>	s homeostatic m dinated working torphology, struc- tissues and orga	ody at cellular level. nechanisms and their imbalance. g pattern of different organs of each system eture and functions of various organs of the huma ns of different systems of human body. lated to special senses and nervous system.	n boo	ły.		

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Gain knowledge of the basic structural organisation of human body; Understand the levels of organization at cellular level.
CO2	Understand the structural and functional classification of skeletal system.
CO3	Learn the role of blood and lymph; Understand the function of Lymphatic system.
CO4	Learn the concepts of Peripheral Nervous System and special senses.
CO5	Understand the structural and functional classification of Cardio-vascular system.

Experimen t No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contac t Hrs.	Mappe d CO
1	Case study	Case study of Fungal Infection	3	1
2	Case study	Case study of Respiratory tract infection.	3	1
3	Case study	Case study of Urinary tract infection	3	1
4	Case study	Case study on Tuberculosis	3	1
5	Case study	Case study on Meningitis	3	1
6	Case study	Case study of Asthma.	3	1
7	Case study	Case study on GIT disease	3	1
8	Case study	Case study of HIV infection.	3	1
9	Case study	Case study on Tuberculosis (case II)	3	1
10	Case study	Case study on UTI (case II)	3	1
11	Case study	Case study of Rheumatoid Arthritis	3	2
12	Case study	Case study of gout.	3	2
13	Case study	Case study of Acute Kidney failure.	3	3
14	Case study	Case study of Chronic Kidney failure	3	3
15	Case study	Case study on Leukaemias	3	4
16	Case study	Case study on Lymphomas	3	4
17	Case study	Case study on nausea and vomiting-I	3	4
18	Case study	Case study on nausea and vomiting-II	3	4
19	Case study	Case study on Psoriasis-I	3	5
20	Case study	Case study on Psoriasis-II	3	5

#### **Reference Books:**

Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone Publication,

Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach - Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange,

Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication,

Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble

### **E-Learning Source:**

https://arch.ilizone.in/2021/course/view.php?id=561&notifyeditingon=1

				Cour	se Artic	culation	Matri	x: (Ma	pping o	f COs w	ith PO	s and PS	Os)					
PO -PS O	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO 1	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	3	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	3	3	-	-	-
CO 3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	3	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	1	3	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD

<b>Effective from Session: 2018</b>	3-2019										
Course Code	PRY-406P	Title of the Course	HOSPITAL PHARMACY	L	Т	P	C				
Year	IV	Semester	ANNUAL	0	0	3	-				
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite									
1-Assesment of drug interactions in given prescriptions. 2-Manufacture of parenteral formulations, powders. 3-Drug information queries and inventory control											

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Know various drug distribution methods.
CO2	Know the professional practice management skills in hospital pharmacies.
CO3	Provide unbiased drug information to the doctors.
CO4	Know the manufacturing practices of various formulations in hospital set up.
CO5	Appreciate the stores management and inventory control including practice based research methods.

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO						
1	Management	Design and Management of Hospital pharmacy department for a 300 bedded hospital.	3	1						
2	P.T.C	Pharmacy and Therapeutics committee-Organization, function and limitations.	3	2						
3	Hospital formulary	Development of hospital formulary for 300 bedded teaching hospital.	3	4						
4	ABC analysis	Preparation of ABC analysis of drugs sold in one month from the pharmacy.	3	5						
5	Evaluation of clinical trials	Different phases of clinical trials with elements to be evaluated.	3	2						
6	Drug information	Various sources of drug information and systemic approach to provide unbiased drug information.								
7	Drug interaction	aluation of prescriptions generated in hospital for drug interaction and d out the suitable management.								
e-Lear	ning Source:									

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	3	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	3	3	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	-	-	-

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Hospital\_Pharmacy/kdAMf8f8RPwC?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=hospital+pharmacy+pharm+d\&printsec=frontcover}$ 

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD	

Effective from Session: 2018	3-2019						
Course Code	PRY408	Title of the Course	Clinical Pharmacy practical	L	Т	P	C
Year	IV	Semester	ANNUAL	0	0	3	3
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	1. monitor dru 2. obtain medi 3. identify and 4. detect, asse 5. interpret sel	g therapy of patient thr cation history interview resolve drug related properties and monitor adverse ected laboratory results		isease sta	ntes; ar	nd	

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Monitor drug therapy of patient through medication chart review and clinical review;								
CO2	Obtain medication history interview and counsel the patients.								
CO3	Identify and resolve drug related problems, Retrieve, analyze, interpret and formulate drug or medicine information								
CO4	Detect, assess and monitor adverse drug reaction.								
CO5	Interpret selected laboratory results (as monitoring parameters in therapeutics) of specific disease states								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Answering drug information questions	Case studies & Answering drug information questions (4 Nos)	10	3
2	Patient medication counselling	Case Studies & Patient medication counselling (4 Nos)	10	2
3	Case studies related to laboratory investigations	Case studies related to laboratory investigations (4 Nos)	10	5
4	Patient medication history interview	Patient medication history interview. (3 Nos)	7.5	2

#### Reference Books (Theory)

Practice Standards and Definitions - The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.

Basic skills in interpreting laboratory data - Scott LT, American Society of Health System Pharmacists Inc.

Biopharmaceutics and Applied Pharmacokinetics - Leon Shargel, Prentice Hall publication.

Australian drug information -Procedure manual. The Society of Hospital

Pharmacists of Australia.

Clinical Pharmacokinetics - Rowland and Tozer, Williams and Wilkins Publication.

Pharmaceutical Statistics. Practical and clinical applications. Sanford Bolton, Marcel Dekker, Inc.

#### e-Learning Source:

https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/A Text Book of Clinical Pharmacy Practic/FGDQZaqk9IYC?hl=en&gbpv=1&dq=CLINICAL+pharmacy+PRACTICAL+pharm+d&printsec=frontcover

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-																		
PS	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	1012	1501	1502	1505	1504	1303	1300
CO																		
CO	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
1																		
CO	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	3		-	-
2																		
CO	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
3																		

CO 4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	-	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO 5	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
Name & Sign of Frogram Coordinator	Sign & Sear of Hod

<b>Effective from Session: 2</b>	019-2020						
Course Code	PRY-501	Title of the Course	Clinical Research	L	Т	P	C
Year	V	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharem D (PB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	development.  2.Chapters deal to cove	er briefly knowledge of	ge and skills necessary for contribution to Clinical research f Clinical trial and its documentation of new drug develope the pathway of drug in clinical trial.			ug	

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Students understand the possibly effective treatments or medicine available only to those participating in the trial.
CO2	Students analyzed and focused the health care for a particular disease or health condition.
CO3	Students understand society and other people with your disease or health condition by contributing to medical research.
CO4	Students create new treatments for a disease before it is available to everyone. And play a more active role in your own health care.
CO5	Students understand and provide better treatment for their health problems in the future. And information about support groups and
	resources.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO		
1	Drug development process	Introduction, Various Approaches to drug discovery, Pharmacological, Toxicological, IND Application, Drug characterization, Dosage form	3	1		
2	Clinical development of drug	Introduction to Clinical trials, Various phases of clinical trial, Methods of post marketing surveillance, Abbreviated New Drug Application submission.	3	2		
3	Good Clinical Practice	ICH, GCP, Central drug standard control organisation (CDSCO) guidelines, Challenges in the implementation of guidelines, Ethical guidelines in Clinical Research, Composition, responsibilities, procedures of IRB / IEC, Overview of regulatory environment in USA, Europe and India.	3	3		
4	Role and responsibilities of clinical trial personnel as per ICH GCP	and responsibilities sical trial personnel Sponsor, Investigators, Clinical research associate, Auditors, Contract research coordinators, Regulatory authority				
5	Designing of clinical study documents (protocol, CRF, ICF, PIC with assignment)	Informed consent Process, Data management and its components, Safety monitoring in clinical trials.	3	5		

#### **Reference Books:**

- a. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization. Good Clinical Practices-Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health; 2001.
- b. International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonised Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice.E6; May 1996.
- c. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects 2000. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
- d. Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green, March 2005, John Wiley and Sons.
- e. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes.
- f. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.
- g. Goodman & Gilman: JG Hardman, LE Limbard, 10th Edn. McGraw Hill Publications, 2001.

#### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Principles\_and\_Practice\_of\_Clinical\_Rese/o6-F8I4LJLgC?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=CLINICAL+RESEARCH\&pr\_intsec=frontcover$ 

						Cours	se Artic	ulation	Matrix:	(Mappii	ng of CO	s with PC	s and PS	SOs)				
PO- PSO CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO3	PO 4	PO5	PO 6	PO 7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO6
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	-	2	2	2	-	-	-

СО	<b>4</b> 3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
СО	5 3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	-	2	2	2	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
	_



Effective from Session: 201	9-2020									
Course Code	PRY502	Title of the Course	PHARMACOEPIDEMIOLOGY AND PHARMACOECONOMICS	L	Т	P	C			
Year	V	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4			
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	2.provide expl	harmacoepidemiology can help assess patterns and appropriateness of drug utilization, rovide explanations for poor compliance, quantify the frequency and severity of side effects, and aid in the design and lluation of interventions to improve drug use and outcomes.								

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Students can understand and answering the demanding questions asked of pharmacotherapy in pharmacoepidemiology and
	pharmacoeconomics.
CO2	Pharmacoepidemiology can help assess patterns and appropriateness of drug utilization, provide explanations for poor compliance, quantify
	the frequency and severity of side effects, and aid in the design and evaluation of interventions to improve drug use and outcomes.
CO3	Pharmacoeconomics can help determine whether a new costlier product offers sufficient clinical advantage over its predecessors to justify the
	increased cost.
CO4	Pharmacoepidemiology and pharmacoeconomics represent the next logical step in the evolution of medication assessment; their judicious
	deployment can help ensure both access to new medicines and innovation.
CO5	Identify the applications of pharmacoepidemiology and pharmacoeconomics in clinical settings.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Definition and scope	Origin and evaluation of Pharmacoepidemiology need for Pharmacoepidemiology, aims and applications. Measurement of outcomes in Pharmacoepidemiology: Outcome measure and drug use measures Prevalence, incidence and incidence rate. Monetary units, number of prescriptions, units of drugs dispensed, defined daily doses and prescribed daily doses, medication adherence measurement.	28	1,2
2	Concept of risk in pharmacoepidemiology	Measurement of risk, attributable risk and relative risk, time-risk relationship and odds ratio.	15	2,3
3	Pharmacoepidemiological methods	Includes theoretical aspects of various methods and practical study of various methods with the help of case studies for individual methods. Drug utilization review, case reports, case series, surveys of drug use, cross – sectional studies, cohort studies, case control studies, case –cohort studies, meta-analysis studies, spontaneous reporting, prescription event monitoring and record linkage system.	28	2,3
4	Sources of data for pharmacoepidemiological studies	Ad Hoc data sources and automated data systems. Selected special applications of pharmacoepidemiology: Studies of vaccine safety, hospital pharmacoepidemiology, pharmacoepidemiology and risk management, and drug induced birth defects	27	3,4
5	Definition, history, needs of pharmacoeconomic evaluations	Role in formulary management decisions Pharmacoeconomic evaluation: Outcome assessment and types of evaluation Includes theoretical aspects of various methods and practical study of various methods with the help of case studies for individual methods: Cost – minimization, cost- benefit, and cost – effectiveness, cost utility.	27	2,3
6	Applications of Pharmacoeconomics	Applications of Pharmacoeconomics: Software and case studies.	20	2,5

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. K.Park, Park's textbook of preventive and social medicine(21st edition), M/s Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers, Jabalpur, 2011.
- 2. Brian L Strom and Stephen E Kimmel, Textbook of pharmacoepidemiology by Brian L Strom and Stephen E Kimmel(4<sup>th</sup> edition), John wiley & Sons Ltd, England, 2005.
- 3. Stephen P Glasser, Essentials of clinical research (1st edition), Springer-Verlag, New York, 2008.

#### e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://pharmareview.files.wordpress.com/2011/10/pharmacoepidemiology.pdf}$ 

https://pharmacystblog.files.wordpress.com/2019/05/textbook-of-pharmacoepidemiology.pdf

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO 1	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	2	3	2	1	-	-
CO 4	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD

Effective from Session: 2019	9-2020									
Course Code	PRY503	Title of the Course	Clinical Pharmacokinetics and Therapeutic Drug Monitoring	L	Т	P	C			
Year	V Semester ANNUAL									
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	1. Know the basics of pharmacokinetic parameters and their application. 2. Understand concept of nomograms for elderly and pediatric patients for effective therapy. 3. Know the advantages of individualization of dosage regimen and therapeutic drug monitoring. 4. Understand the concept of population pharmacokinetics and pharmacogenomics.									

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Understand the basics of pharmacokinetic parameters and their application									
CO2	Develop nomograms for elderly and pediatric patients for effective therapy									
CO3	Know dosage adjustments in different diseases									
CO4	Individualize dosage regimen and therapeutic drug monitoring									
CO5	Analyse population pharmacokinetic data									

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Clinical Pharmacokinetics- Introduction	<ul> <li>a. Introduction to Clinical pharmacokinetics.</li> <li>b. Design of dosage regimens: Nomograms and Tabulations in designing dosage regimen,</li> <li>Conversion from intravenous to oral dosing, Determination of dose and dosing intervals,</li> <li>Drug dosing in the elderly and pediatrics and obese patients.</li> </ul>	12	1,& 2
2	Pharmacokinetics of Drug Interaction	a. Pharmacokinetic drug interactions     b. Inhibition and Induction of Drug metabolism     c. Inhibition of Biliary Excretion.	12	4
3	Therapeutic Drug monitoring	a. Introduction b. Individualization of drug dosage regimen (Variability – Genetic, Age and Weight, disease, Interacting drugs). c. Indications for TDM. Protocol for TDM. d. Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Correlation in drug therapy. e. TDM of drugs used in the following disease conditions: cardiovascular disease, Seizure disorders, Psychiatric conditions, and Organ transplantations.	18	1, 3& 4
4	Dosage adjustment in Renal and hepatic Disease	a. Renal impairment b. Pharmacokinetic considerations c. General approach for dosage adjustment in Renal disease. d. Measurement of Glomerular Filtration rate and creatinine clearance. e. Dosage adjustment for uremic patients. f. Extracorporeal removal of drugs. g. Effect of Hepatic disease on pharmacokinetics.	10	1,3& 4
5	Population Pharmacokinetics	a. Introduction to Bayesian Theory.     b. Adaptive method or Dosing with feed back.     c. Analysis of Population pharmacokinetic Data.	12	1,3& 5
6	Pharmacogenetics	<ul> <li>a. Genetic polymorphism in Drug metabolism: Cytochrome P-450 Isoenzymes.</li> <li>b. Genetic Polymorphism in Drug Transport and Drug Targets.</li> <li>c. Pharmacogenetics and Pharmacokinetics/Pharmacodynamic considerations</li> </ul>	8	1,3& 5

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Clinical Pharmacokinetics 6<sup>th</sup> Edition. John E. Murphy
- 2. Concepts in Clinical Pharmacokinetics 4<sup>th</sup> Edition. Joseph T. DiPiro
- 3. Applied Clinical Pharmacokinetics. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. Larry A. Bauer

### e-Learning Source:

- $1. \quad \textbf{Access Pharmacy:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://accesspharmacy.mhmedical.com/content.aspx?sectionid=41488039\&bookid=513}$
- 2. Future Learn: <a href="https://www.futurelearn.com/courses/pharmacokinetics-and-dosing-regimen-in-renal-disease">https://www.futurelearn.com/courses/pharmacokinetics-and-dosing-regimen-in-renal-disease</a>

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-																		
PS	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	DCO4	DCO5	PSO6
O	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO	1	1			1			2	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-
1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	1	1		1	1	3			

CO 2	2	1	1	2	2	ı	1	2	1	1	2	-	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO 3	2	ı	-	3	2	ı	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	3	ı	ı	-
CO 4	3	3	-	2	2	-	2	2	3	1	3	-	3	1	3	-	-	-
CO 5	2	2	-	2	2		3	2	3	1	2	-	1	1	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD

Effective from Session: 2019	-2020						
Course Code	PRY504	Title of the Course	Pharmacotherapeutics-III	L	Т	P	C
Year	V	Semester	ANNUAL	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	B Pharm for Pharm D (PB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	1.to describe th 2.to summarize evidence; 3.to discuss the 4.to discuss the 5.to identify th	the pathophysiology of the therapeutic appro e controversies in drug e preparation of individe patient-specific param	ected that students will be able to understand: selected disease states and explain the rationale for drug ther ach to management of these diseases including reference to the therapy; lualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and meters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring the ad laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects.	the late			

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Students understand the pathophysiology & diagnosis of GIT & liver disorder and their management/controversies including patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).
CO2	Students have ability to explore the pathophysiology & diagnosis of hematological disorder and their management/controversies.
CO3	Students have ability to effectively communicate the pharmacotherapy of CNS disorder and their management/controversies.
CO4	Students analyzed the pathophysiology & diagnosis of Psychiatric disorder and their management/controversies including patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy and monitoring therapy.
CO5	Students analyze the Pharmacotherapeutics of pain management and also able to elucidate the Evidence Based Medicine.
CO6	Students able to elucidate the Evidence Based Medicine.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Gastrointestinal system	Peptic ulcer disease, Gastro Esophageal Reflux Disease, Inflammatory bowel disease,	12	1
2	Liver disorders	Alcoholic liver disease, Viral hepatitis including jaundice, and Drug induced liver disorders.	12	1
3	Haematological system	Anaemias, Venous thromboembolism, Drug induced blood disorders.	12	2
4	Nervous system	Epilepsy, Parkinsonism, Stroke, Alzheimer's disease,	12	3
5	Psychiatry disorders	Schizophrenia, Affective disorders, Anxiety disorders, Sleep disorders, Obsessive Compulsive disorders	12	4
6	Pain & Evidence Based Medicine	Pain management including Pain pathways, neuralgias, headaches and Evidence Based Medicine.	12	5, 6

#### **Reference Books:**

- a. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication
  b. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication
- c. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- d. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA
- e. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited.
- f. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

#### e-Learning Source:

https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Pocket\_Handbook\_of\_GI\_Pharmacotherapeuti/x3SjDDjlW00C?hl=en&gbpv=1&dq=Pharmacotherapeutics-III &printsec=frontcover

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	2	2	1	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	2	2	ı	-	-

C	<b>O</b> 5	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	2	2	-	1	-
C	06	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD

Effective from Session: 2019	9-2020										
Course Code	PRY505	Title of the Course	Pharmacotherapeutics-III (Practical)	L	Т	P	С				
Year	V	Semester	ANNUAL	0	0	3	1.5				
	B Pharm for										
Pre-Requisite	Pharm D	Co-requisite									
	(PB)										
	1.To describe the pathophysiology of selected disease states and explain the rationale for drug therapy;										
		ze the therapeutic appro	each to management of these diseases including reference to	the lat							
	evidence;										
Course Objectives		e controversies in drug									
			lualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and								
	5.to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including										
	alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).										

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Students understand the pathophysiology & diagnosis of GIT & liver disorder and their management/controversies including patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).							
CO2	Students have ability to explore the pathophysiology & diagnosis of hematological disorder and their management/controversies.							
CO3	Students have ability to effectively communicate the pharmacotherapy of CNS disorder and their management/controversies.							
CO4	Students analyzed the pathophysiology & diagnosis of Psychiatric disorder and their management/controversies including patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy and monitoring therapy.							
CO5	Students analyze the Pharmacotherapeutics of pain management and also able to elucidate the Evidence Based Medicine.							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Case study	Case study on Gastrointestinal & Liver disorders	12	1
2	Case study	Case study on Haematological disorders	12	2
3	Case study	Case study on Nervous system disorders	12	3
4	Case study	Case study Case study on Psychiatry disorders		4
5	Case study	Case study on Pain and its managements	12	5

#### **Reference Books:**

- a. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication
- b. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication
- c. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- d. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA
- e. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited.
- f. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

#### e-Learning Source:

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
------------------------------------	--------------------